

## Installation Manual

# ALPHAGATE MKII



Art. No. 10900-90

## Table of Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>DECLARATION</b> .....	<b>4</b>
<b>2</b>	<b>DISCLAIMER LIST</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>3</b>	<b>STORAGE OF THE MANUAL</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>4</b>	<b>IMPORTANT - READ THE MANUAL</b> .....	<b>5</b>
<b>5</b>	<b>GENERAL INFORMATION</b> .....	<b>5</b>
	5.1 TECHNICAL DATA .....	6
	5.2 DIMENSIONS .....	7
<b>6</b>	<b>INSTALLATION OF THE AUTOMATIC GATE</b> .....	<b>8</b>
	6.1 CONNECTING THE POWER .....	10
	6.2 CONNECTION OF 220-240V~ (or selected 110V~) .....	11
	6.3 PANIC ALARM.....	13
	6.4 INSTALLATION OF GLASS ARM .....	13
	6.5 INSTALLATION OF GATE ARM .....	14
<b>7</b>	<b>TRIGGERING OF THE GATE</b> .....	<b>15</b>
	7.1 INSTALLING THE PEC UPRIGHT AND REFLECTOR UPRIGHT.....	17
	7.2 SETTING THE PEC .....	19
	7.3 SETTING THE RADAR.....	20
	7.4 INSTALLING THE OH SENSOR .....	21
	7.5 CHILDSAFE PROTECTION .....	22
	7.5.1 SETTING THE RANGE OF THE CHILDSAFE SENSOR.....	23
<b>8</b>	<b>MMI – MAN MACHINE INTERFACE</b> .....	<b>24</b>
	8.1 USERINTERFACE – POTENTIOMETERS .....	24
	8.2 USER INTERFACE – LED DIODES .....	25
	8.3 USERINTERFACE – DIP SWITCHES .....	26
	8.4 NORMAL & SLOW SPEED DIP SWITCH SETTINGS.....	26
	8.5 SCO EXIT GATES .....	27
	8.6 ALPHAGATE 180° OPENING .....	28
	8.7 MAIN BOARD – CONNECTORS .....	29
	8.9 ADDITIONAL POWER SUPPLY IN ALPHAGATE MKII .....	30
	8.10 CONNECTORS – INDIVIDUAL SOCKETS .....	31
<b>9</b>	<b>GATECOM</b> .....	<b>32</b>
	9.1 WIRING - GateCOM .....	32
	9.2 UNAUTHORIZED CONFIGURATIONS.....	34
	9.2.1 GATECOM – MASTER & SLAVE FUNCTION.....	35
	9.3 GATECOM – ORIENTATION .....	36
<b>10</b>	<b>HOW TO CONNECT THE SENSORS?</b> .....	<b>37</b>

10.1	PEC UPRIGHT TO OPEN FIRST LINE OF GATES.....	37
10.2	PEC IN GATE TO OPEN SECOND LINE OF GATES.....	37
10.3	RADAR IN THE TOP OF THE GATE.....	38
10.4	OVERHEAD SENSOR.....	38
10.5	OPEN PUSH BUTTON.....	39
<b>11</b>	<b>WHAT IS SECURE, WELCOME AND CLEANING MODE?.....</b>	<b>39</b>
11.1	HOW TO CONNECT THE "CLEANING" / "WELCOME" BUTTON.....	40
11.1.1	WELCOME AS A FIXED FUNCTION OF THE ENTRANCE SYSTEM 40	
11.1.2	REMOTE ON AND OFF FUNCTION OF WELCOME MODE .....	41
11.2	CONNECTING EXTERNAL TRIGGERING (ACCESS CONTROLS) .....	41
<b>12</b>	<b>WIRING OF LED CABLES IN ALPHAGATE MKII .....</b>	<b>42</b>
<b>13</b>	<b>220-240V~ OR 110V~ GATE? .....</b>	<b>43</b>
<b>14</b>	<b>FAQ .....</b>	<b>44</b>
14.1	HOW TO TEST THE GATE?.....	44
14.2	HOW TO TURN OFF THE ALARM? .....	44
14.3	HOW TO TURN OFF THE GATE?.....	44
14.4	HOW TO CUT POWER SUPPLY TO THE GATE? .....	44
14.5	WHEN DO I USE NORMAL and SLOW? .....	44
14.6	WHAT IS A GATE FAMILY? .....	45
14.7	WHAT IS WELCOME MODE? .....	45
14.8	HOW TO TRIGGER THE ALARM (OUTPUT) .....	45
14.9	HOW TO CHANGE SIDE OF THE GATE .....	45
<b>15</b>	<b>TROUBLESHOOTING THE GATECOM .....</b>	<b>46</b>
<b>16</b>	<b>ACCESSORIES .....</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>17</b>	<b>FAILSAFE OPERATION .....</b>	<b>47</b>
<b>18</b>	<b>MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS .....</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>19</b>	<b>CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS.....</b>	<b>48</b>

## 1 DECLARATION

ITAB Shop Products AB automatic Alphagate MKII is possible to force to open manually when an evacuation situation occurs.

When the gate is activated, it is possible to force the gate with a force bigger than 30Nm (adjustable between 20-70Nm).

When the gate is inactivated it is possible to force the gate with a force less than 20Nm.

The panic breakout mechanism is designed to withstand more than 20 000 panic breakouts.



### Declaration of Conformity

Manufacturer of  
Entrance/Exit System:

**ITAB Shop Products AB**  
**Box 9054**  
**SE-550 09 Jönköping SWEDEN**

Description:

**Electronic Entrance/Exit System**  
**ALPHAGATE MKII**

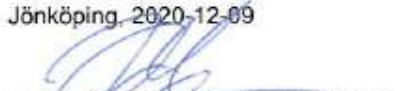
The electronic entrance/exit system has been developed, designed and finished in accordance with the provisions of the following Directives:

Machinery Directive 2006/42/EG  
Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU  
Directive on electromagnetic compatibility  
(EMC) 2014/30/EU

Applied Norms for testing:  
EN 61000-6-2:2005  
EN 61000-4-2, -3, -4, -5, -6, -11  
EN 61000-6-3:2007  
EN 60335-1:2012 + A1:2019 + A2:2019 +  
A11:2014 + A12:2017 + A13:2017 +  
A14:2019 + AC1:2014 + A13R1:2019  
AS/NZS 60335.1:2011 (Incorporating  
Amendment Nos 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5)  
EN 60335-2-103:2015

**ITAB Shop Products AB**  
**Box 9054**  
**SE-55009 JÖNKÖPING**  
**SWEDEN**

Jönköping, 2020-12-09

  
Jan Andersson  
Managing Director

## 2 DISCLAIMER LIST

- This automatic gate is intended for installation by a professional installer. Installation by other than professional installers could result in a non-conforming automatic gate and hazardous situations.
- **The Alphagate must be assembled and used below 4000 meters above sea level.**
- **Warranty void if the automatic gate is not installed by a professional installer.**
- **Warranty void if product label is removed or not readable.**
- **Connecion of 220-240V~ (or selected 110V~) to the gate and connection of plug-in connector to power cable is only allowed to be done by electricians or by ITAB authorized installer with sufficient knowledge.**

## 3 STORAGE OF THE MANUAL

Keep this manual in close vicinity of the Alphagate.

## 4 IMPORTANT - READ THE MANUAL

Read this manual thoroughly before using the Alphagate. Improper operation of the Alphagate may lead to personal injury or damage to product or property.

Ask your management if there is anything in this manual that you do not understand or if you lack any information regarding any aspect of the product.

## 5 GENERAL INFORMATION



**Always disconnect the power to the mains terminal before conducting any work to the gate. The power is cut off by switching off the fuse in the power station.**

Digital manual can be ordered by contacting ITAB Shop Products.

## 5.1 TECHNICAL DATA

### GATE

<b>Voltage</b>	220-240V~ or selected 110V~
<b>Frequency</b>	50/60 Hz
<b>Current</b>	Max 0.5 A at 220-240V~ Standby mode: 0.2A Operation mode: 0.3A Max 1A at 110V~ Standby mode: 0.4A Operation mode: 0.5A
<b>Temperature</b>	0 - 35 °C
<b>IP-classification</b>	IP20
<b>Installation</b>	The Automatic gate is <u>only</u> made for indoor use
<b>Weight</b>	27 kg

### MOTOR

<b>Voltage</b>	24 V/DC
<b>Power Rating</b>	20 W
<b>Rated Current</b>	0.9 A

### PEC (Photo Electric Cell)

<b>Voltage</b>	10-30 V/DC
<b>Output</b>	NPN
<b>Switching Capacity</b>	100 mA
<b>Power Input</b>	25 mA

### RADAR MOVEMENT DETECTOR

<b>Voltage</b>	12-24 V/DC
<b>Max Power</b>	60 mA
<b>Transmission Frequency</b>	24,175 GHz
<b>Transmission Power</b>	< 5 mW/cm <sup>2</sup>
<b>Output</b>	NPN

### ULTRASOUND SENSOR - OPTIONAL

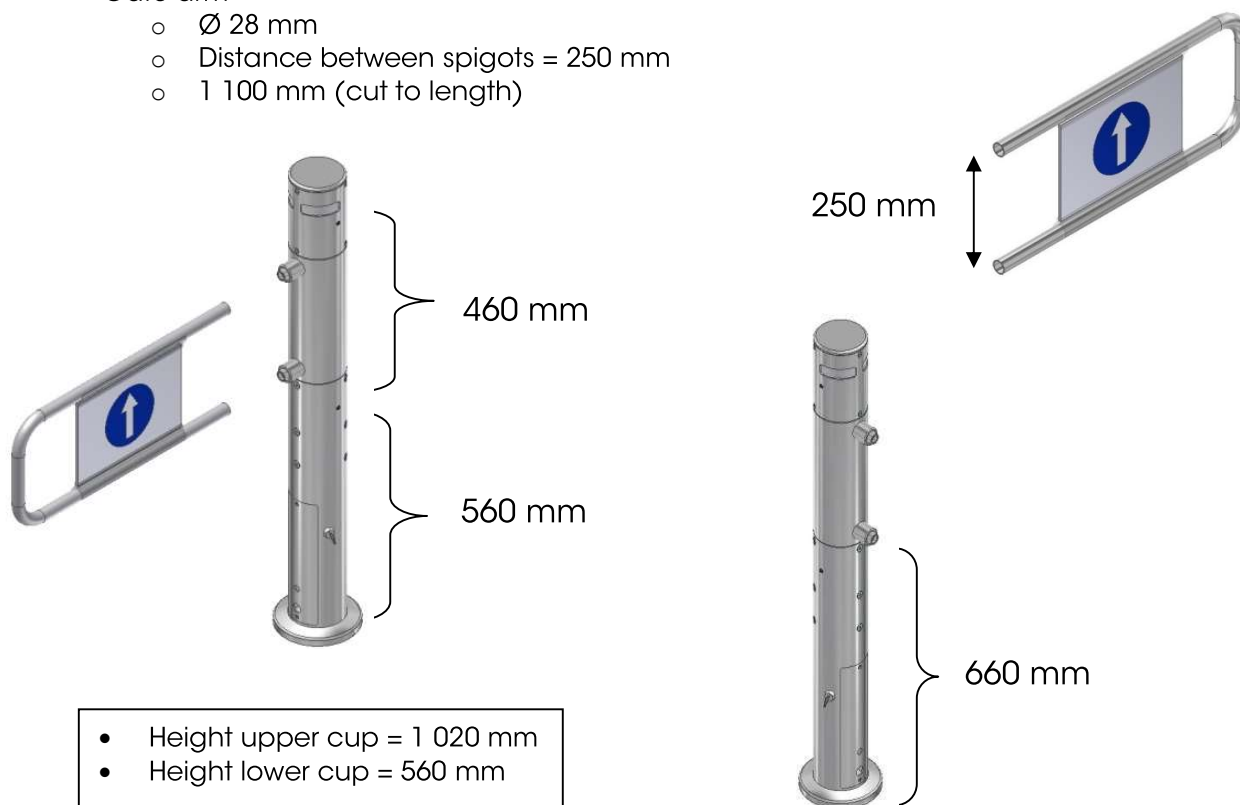
<b>Voltage</b>	15-28V/ DC
<b>Power Input</b>	< 100 mA
<b>Output Signal</b>	Sourcing Output 10 mA
<b>Frequency</b>	40 kHz (pulsing)
<b>Minimum Distance</b>	1 cm
<b>Angle of Cover</b>	~90°
<b>Temperature Range</b>	0 - 70°C

### ADDITIONAL POWER SUPPLY - OPTIONAL (SCANMASTER)

<b>AC Current - Input</b>	230 V~
<b>DC Voltage - Output</b>	12 V
<b>Rated Power</b>	15.6 W
<b>Current Range</b>	0~1.3 A

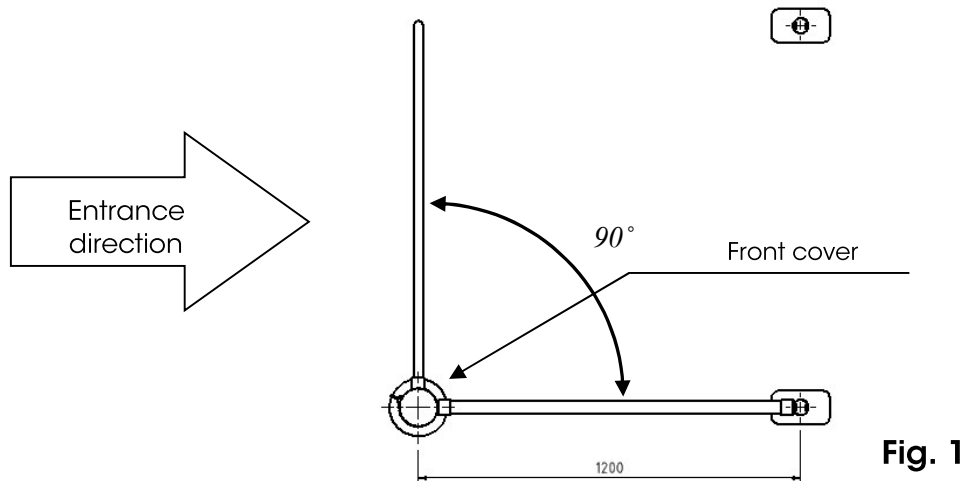
## 5.2 DIMENSIONS

- Motorised Column
  - $\varnothing$  120 mm
  - $\varnothing$  180 mm incl. foot cover
- Height 1 120 mm
- Gate arm
  - $\varnothing$  28 mm
  - Distance between spigots = 250 mm
  - 1 100 mm (cut to length)



## 6 INSTALLATION OF THE AUTOMATIC GATE

The automatic gate is shipped from the factory as a sealed unit ready for installation in the intended location. The gate arm must be at a 90° angle to the direction of entry (See Fig. 1).



**Fig. 1**

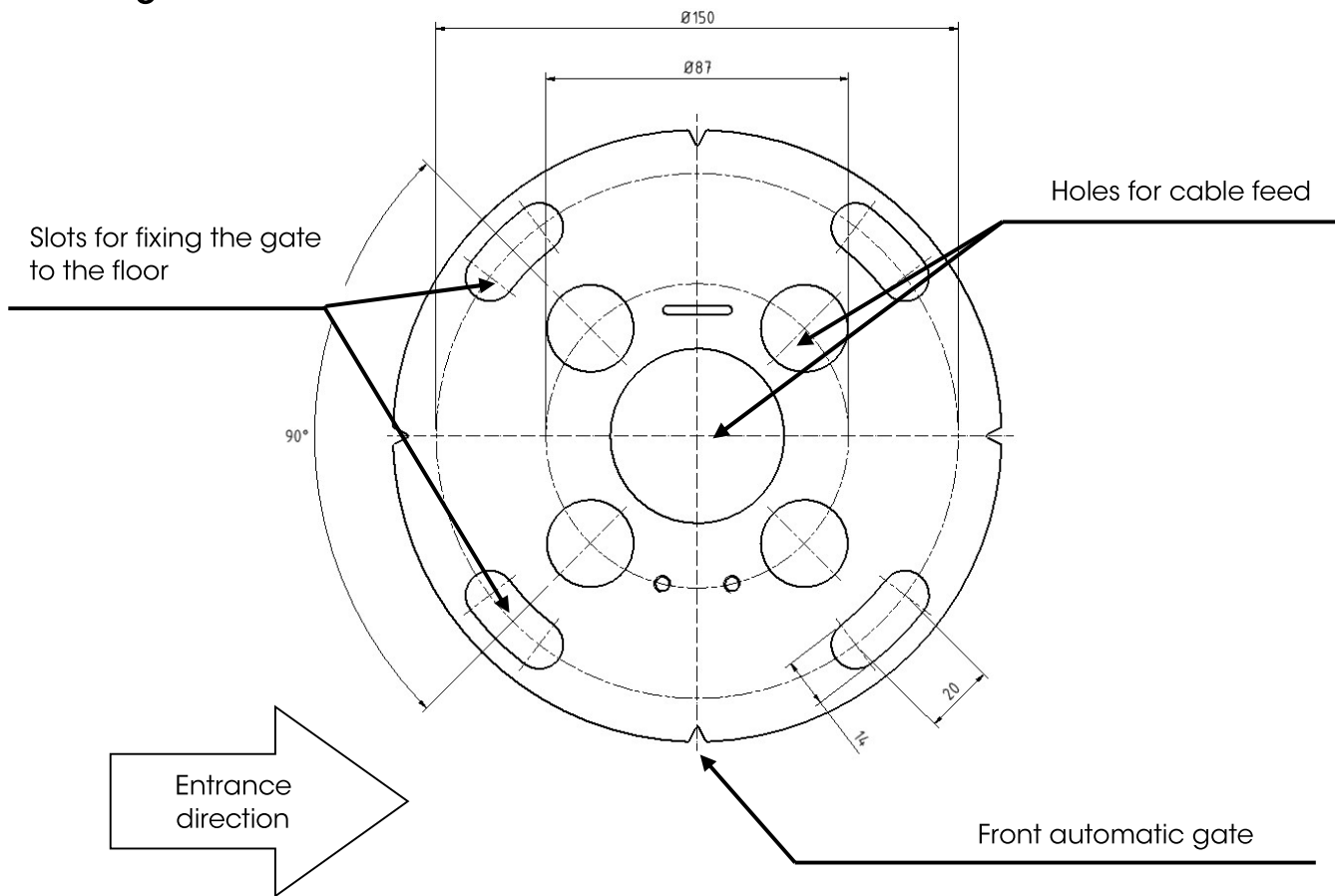
- Mark the drilling points using the mounting plate of the automatic gate. (See Fig. 2)
- The entrance system must be affixed using suitable fixings, making sure that the automatic gate is secured to the floor.
- The floor fixings for the entire entrance system should be specified to suit the floor material and construction (Shielded anchor, chemical fixings etc.) to ensure stability and safety to the entrance system.
- Make sure to pass all the cables through the base plate before fixing the gate to the floor.
- Ensure that electronic parts and cables are not damaged when drilling holes for rail cups in the Alphagate. Metal shavings can damage the electronics!



**Ensure that electronic parts and cables are not damaged when drilling holes for rail cups in the Alphagate. Metal shavings can damage the electronics!**

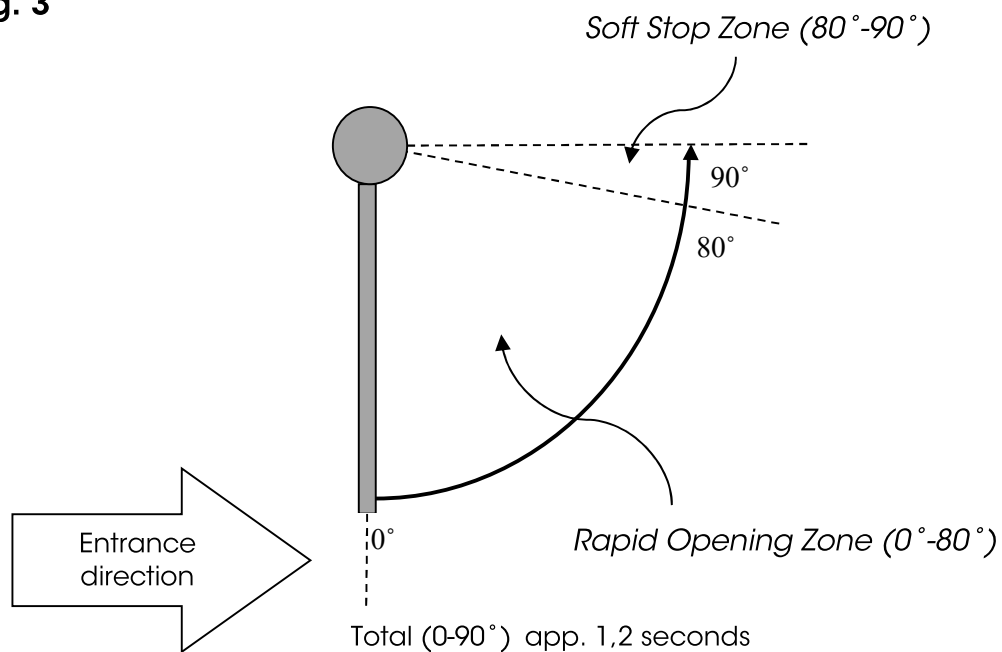


Fig. 2



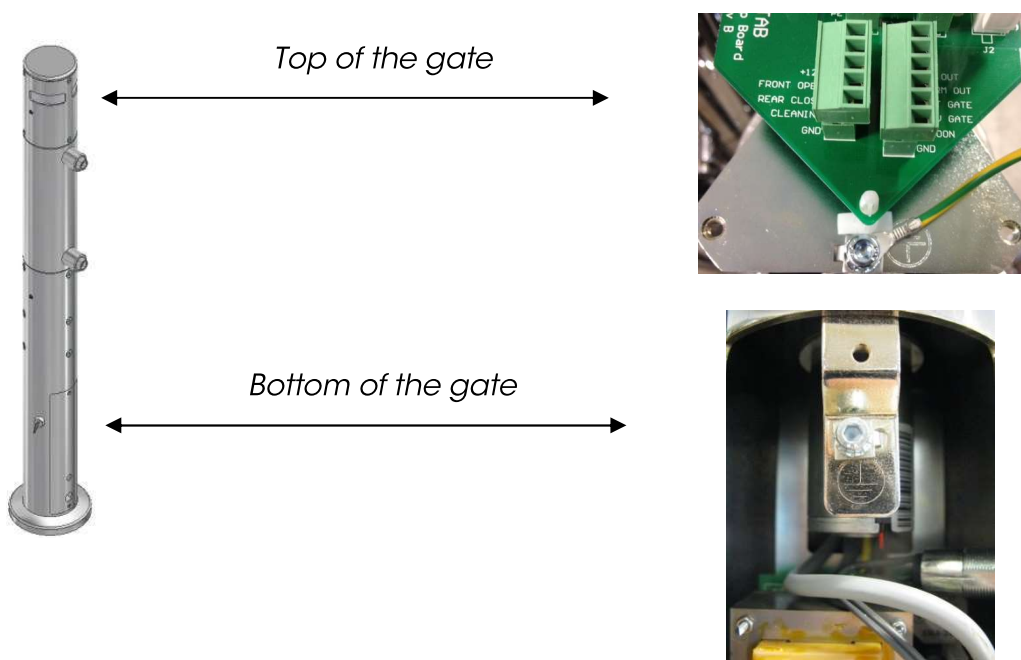
**Before fixing the gate permanently to the floor the gate must be powered up to ensure a correct 0 degree initial position. Note: Make sure the approach delay is not set to minimum when testing the gate to enable gate to fully open 90°.**

**Fig. 3**



## 6.1 CONNECTING THE POWER

**Note:** The chassis of the automatic gate must be grounded at specifically marked connection points.



## 6.2 CONNECTION OF 220-240V~ (or selected 110V~)

Mains connector is dangerous when power is connected to the automatic gate. Always disconnect the power to the mains terminal before conducting any work to the gate. The power is cut off by switching off the fuse in the power station.



**Connecion of 220-240V~ (or selected 110V~) to the gate and connection of plug-in connector to power cable is only allowed to be done by electricians or by ITAB authorized installer with sufficient knowledge.**

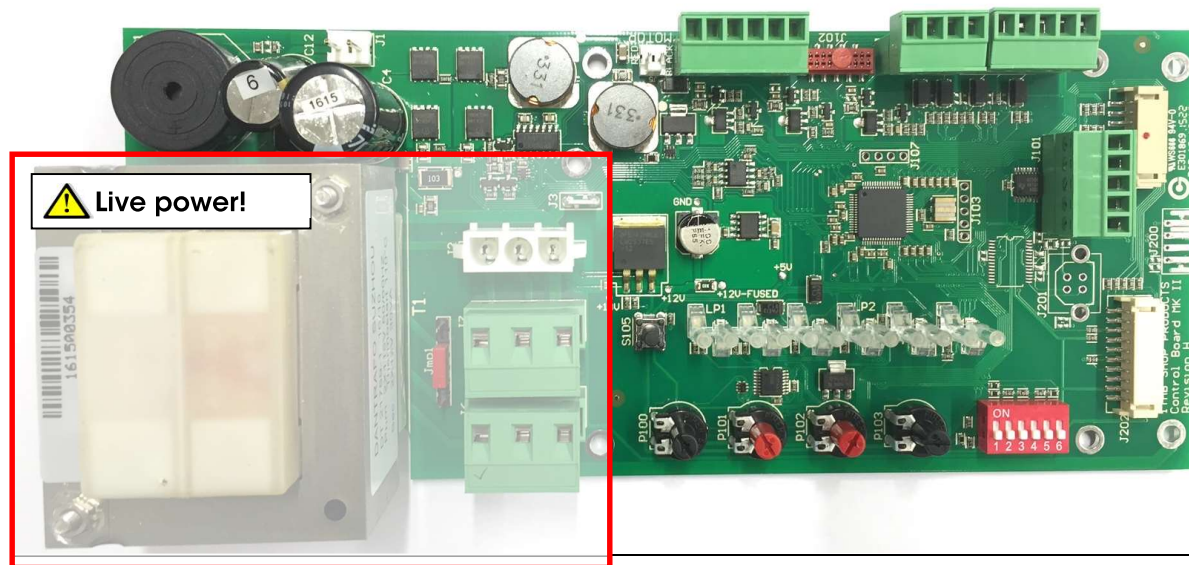


**The power feed to the system must have a max. 10A fuse.  
Maximum cable area for incoming mains terminal = 2.5 mm<sup>2</sup>**

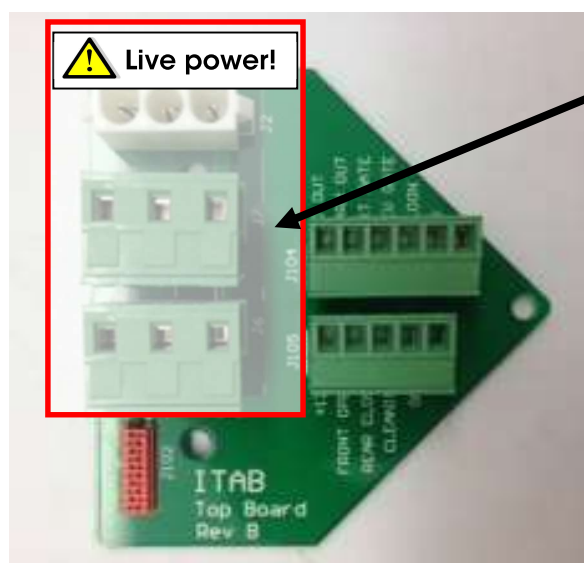
Power cable that is not fixed, must always be double insulated, flexible and multi-part type. If plug-in connector will be mounted, power cable that is adapted for this use must be used.

Always make sure that cables cannot be pinched or be damaged by sharp edges!

## Area of live power feed - Main controller board



## Area of live power feed - Top board



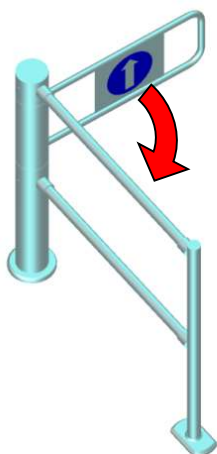
*Incoming mains terminals are located in bottom and the top of the gate*



The main power terminal is dangerous when the automatic gate is powered up. Always disconnect the power to the mains terminal before conducting any work to the gate.

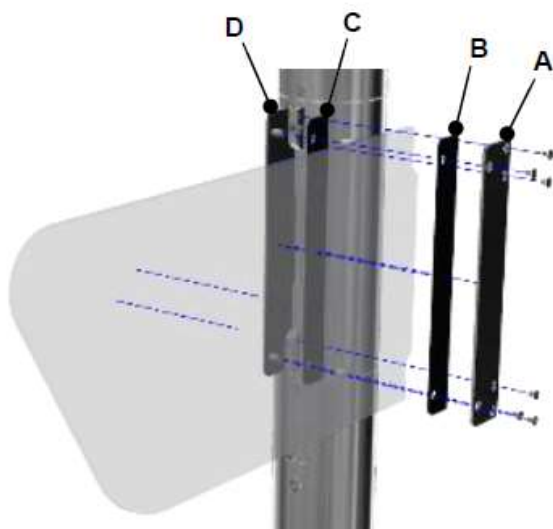
## 6.3 PANIC ALARM

When exiting/entering through the automatic gate, moving the gate arm manually without the gate being triggered to open, an alarm will sound and the anti-panic resistance will be activated. The electronic entrance system equipped as standard with a device that triggers an acoustic warning when the system is forced to be opened manually. After being triggered into panic mode the gate arm will reset itself **automatically** to 0° position and the alarm will be turned off. The gate is then operational again.



- Emergency exit = panic brake out in the opposite direction of the entrance direction
- Alarm sound
- **Automatic** reset of gate arm

## 6.4 INSTALLATION OF GLASS ARM



1. Remove the 6 screws holding the Glass Bracket A.
2. Remove Glass Bracket A and rubber pad B.
3. Attach the Glass Arm. Make sure Rubber Pad C is properly in place between the Glass Bracket D and the Glass.
4. Push the 2 plastic sleeves through the corresponding holes in the Glass and make sure there are no contact between the glass surface and the Glass Bracket bolts.
5. Attach the Rubber Pad B and the Glass Bracket A and tighten the 6 Glass bracket screws.

## 6.5 INSTALLATION OF GATE ARM

(1) Cut gate arm to the desired length using a saw or pipe cutter.



(2) Attach sign holders to sign.



(3) Insert sign into gate arm.



(4) Fit gate arm on to spigots and secure the gate arm with the two grub nuts. Tighten with 24 Nm.



If the gate arm needs to be adjusted, loosen the screw that fixing the coulisse and move the coulisse a little bit to the left or to the right depending on how the gate arm needs to be adjusted. Move carefully, small movements is enough to adjust the gate arm several centimetres. When the gate arm is satisfactory adjusted, fasten the screw again. To be able to do this adjustment, the power needs to be switched on to the gate. Make sure no sensors are connected during this setup. That can break the coulisse!

Move to the right → gate arm moves to the left

Move to the left → gate arm moves to the right



**Make sure no sensors are connected during this setup.**

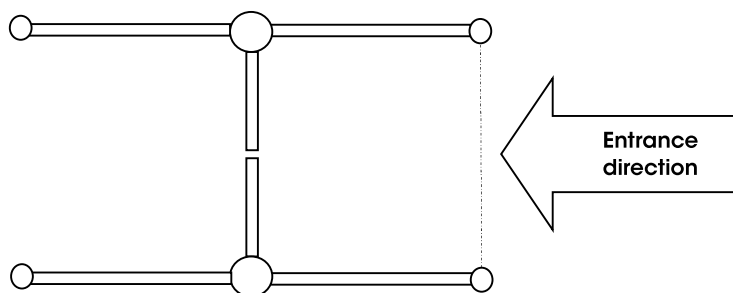


## 7 TRIGGERING OF THE GATE

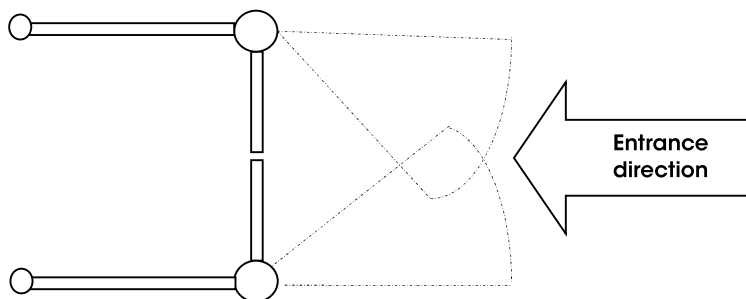
The automatic gate can be opened by variety of different triggers. The simplest being a normal switch/push button or a remote control. The most common triggers are PEC and radar, with the overhead sensor as an option for special installations.

- PUSH BUTTON
- REMOTE CONTROL
- RADAR
- PEC
- SCANNER
- OVERHEAD SENSOR

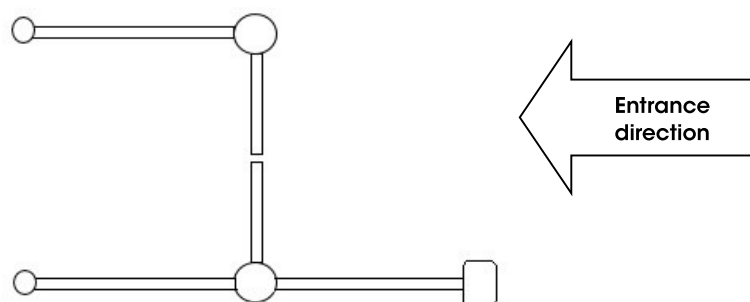
### Overview of the PEC



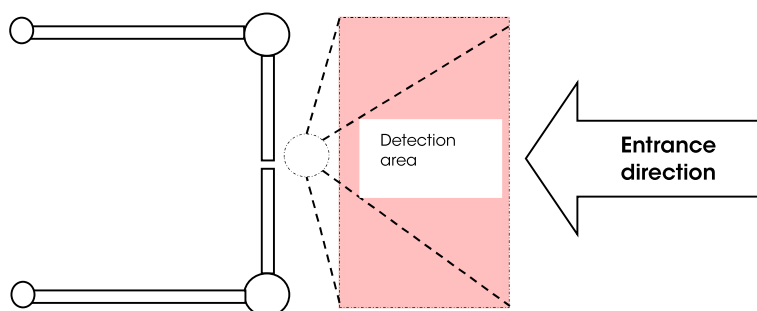
### Overview of the RADAR



## Overview of the SCANNER (Exit Flow)



## Overview of the OVERHEAD SENSOR





## 7.1 INSTALLING THE PEC UPRIGHT AND REFLECTOR UPRIGHT

### PEC upright

Position the PEC upright at a distance of minimum 1 200 mm from the automatic gate. The angle between the gate arm on the automatic gate and the cross tube must be  $90^\circ$ , this value must be checked before drilling the holes for the upright. (See Fig. 4) After affixing the system the angle can be corrected within the range of max.  $3-4^\circ$ .

### Reflector upright

After installation of the PEC upright, the Reflector upright must be installed in line with the PEC upright, i.e. the reflector of the Reflector upright must be able to reflect the light beam of the PEC sensor in the PEC upright. (See Fig. 4)

- Recommended distance between PEC upright and reflector upright.
  - Single unit maximum 1 150 mm
  - Saloon unit maximum 2 300 mm

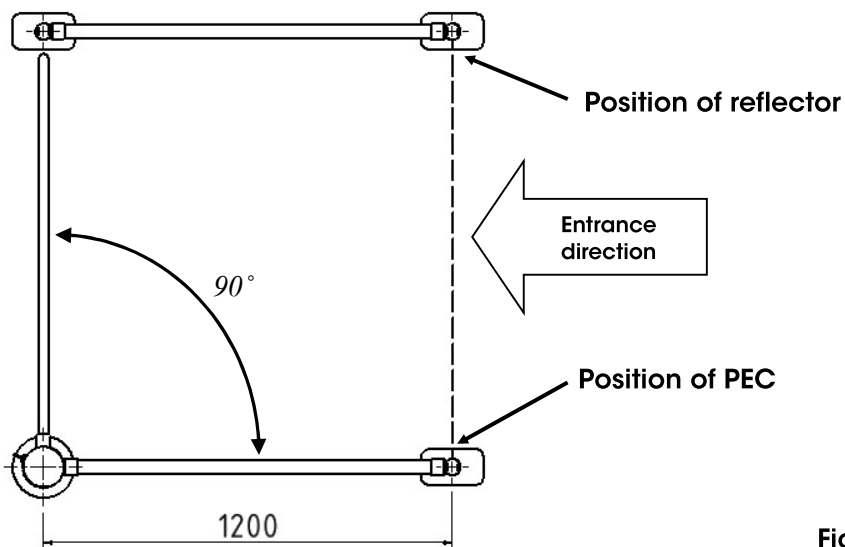


Fig. 4

## Installing the PEC upright and the reflector upright

- Mark the position of the drill holes using the mounting plate (fig. 5).

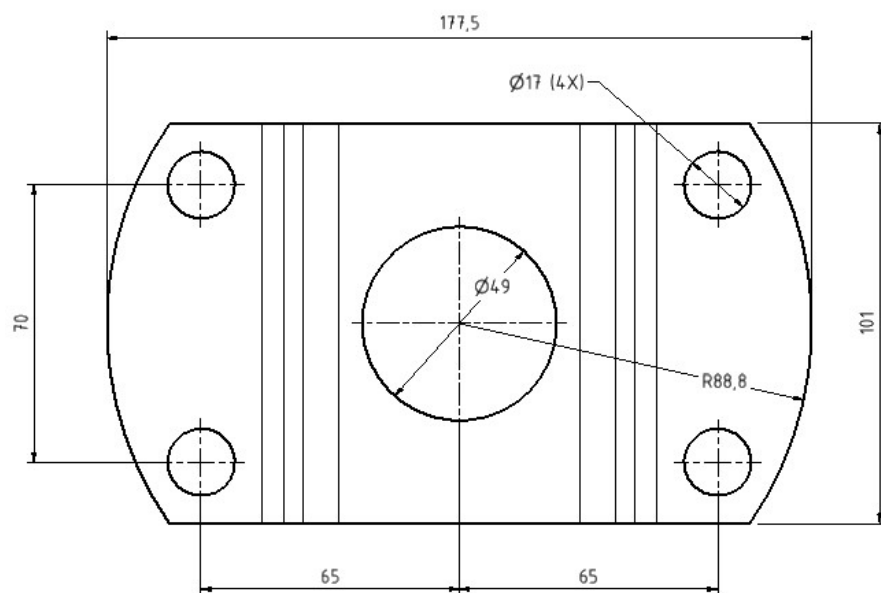


Fig. 5

## 7.2 SETTING THE PEC

In a PEC system, the gate opens when an object breaks the beam of light, and closes automatically after a set period, once the beam is cleared.

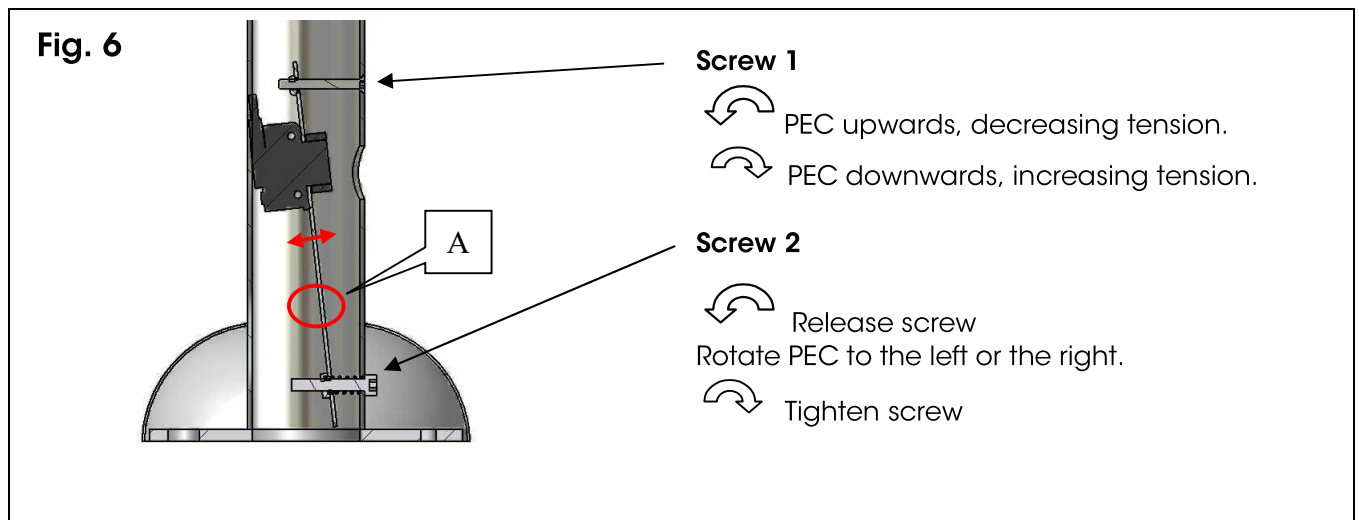
When setting the PEC the open time delay should be set to "min" at the potentiometer no. 1 at the control board.

The bracket of the PEC sensor is spring loaded (see red arrow). The upper screw 1 is for adjustment vertically.

When the lower screw 2 is tightened firmly, the bracket sits against the inside of the upright tube (see red circular). Due to the shape of the PEC bracket being in the shape of a hexagon a pivotal point is created (red circle A) allowing the top screw to adjust the PEC vertically. To adjust the PEC sensor horizontally, the upper screw 1 needs to be released (rotate screw to the left) and then the lower screw 2 is to be released (rotate screw to the left) to be able to move the PEC bracket to either the left or the right. Then retighten screw 2 and adjust the vertical angle with screw 1.

Rotate Screw 1 (Fig. 6) to adjust the horizontal angle of the photoelectric barrier. For horizontal adjustment Screw 2 must also be released.

Release Screw 2 (Fig. 6) to adjust the photoelectric barrier to the left/right, and retighten screw after adjustment.



**NOTE: After setting up the PEC the opening time must be reset to the desired time.**

### Adjusting the PEC

- Connect the PEC to power it up. Now the GREEN led light should be on.
- Trim the vertical and horizontal angle of the PEC until the YELLOW led light is on. NOTE: the yellow led must show a steady light, flickering light is not optimal.

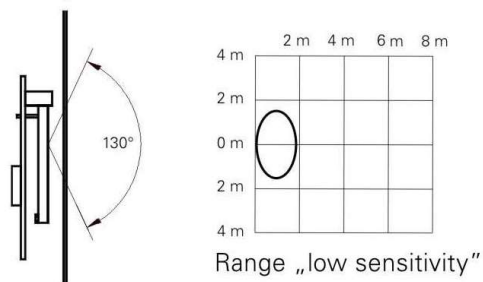
Yellow LED      Green LED



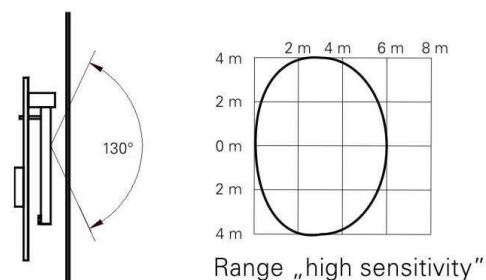
## 7.3 SETTING THE RADAR

This section is for a gate ordered with radar. The system opens when an object reaches and approaches the area of coverage and closes automatically after the set open time.

**Fig. 7** Area coverage  
"low sensitivity"

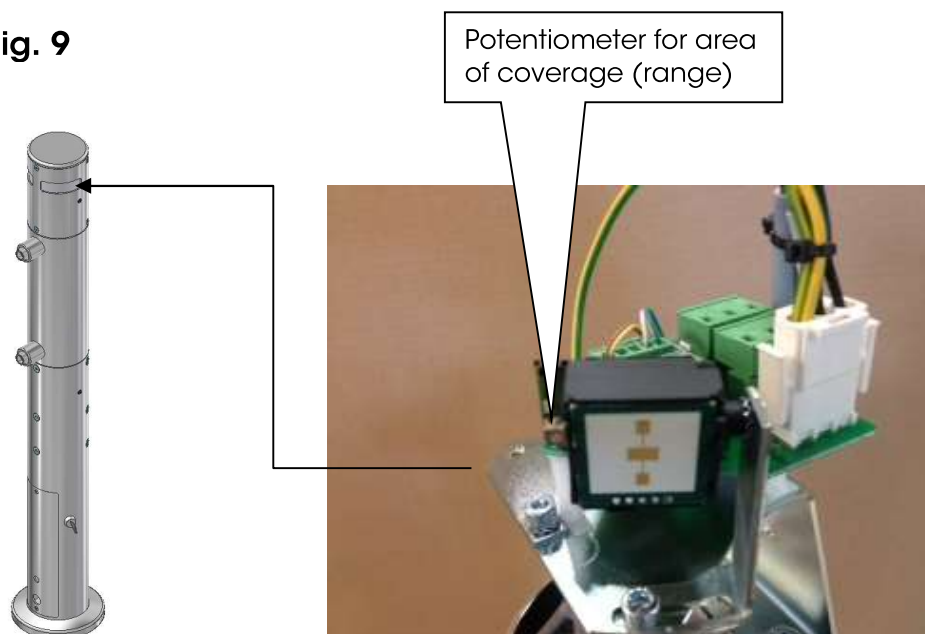


**Fig. 8** Area coverage  
from above



Adjust the area by turning the potentiometer on the radar front. Test the setting after the top is installed.

**Fig. 9**

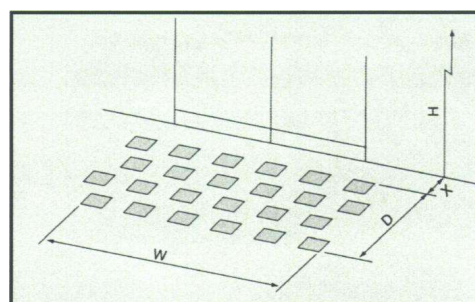
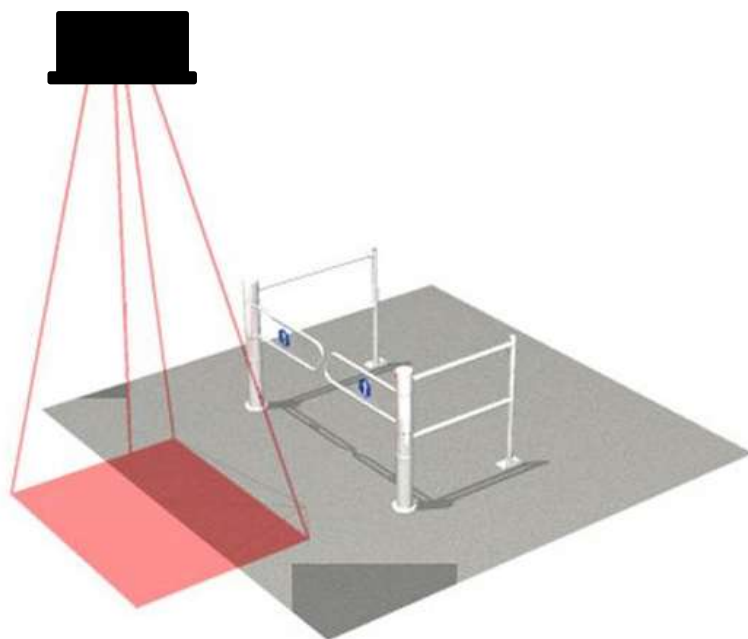


**NOTE:** After setting up the radar the open time must be reset to the desired time.

## 7.4 INSTALLING THE OH SENSOR

The Over Head (OH) sensor is to be installed at the height between 2-4 m. If several OH sensors are installed in the same area, they need to have different settings on the dip switch panel to avoid interference between them.

The OH sensor is normally installed to trigger two gates in a saloon configuration. In order to achieve this, the gates must be connected through the GateCOM. The connection can be made in one gate and the saloon gate will receive the signal via the GateCOM.

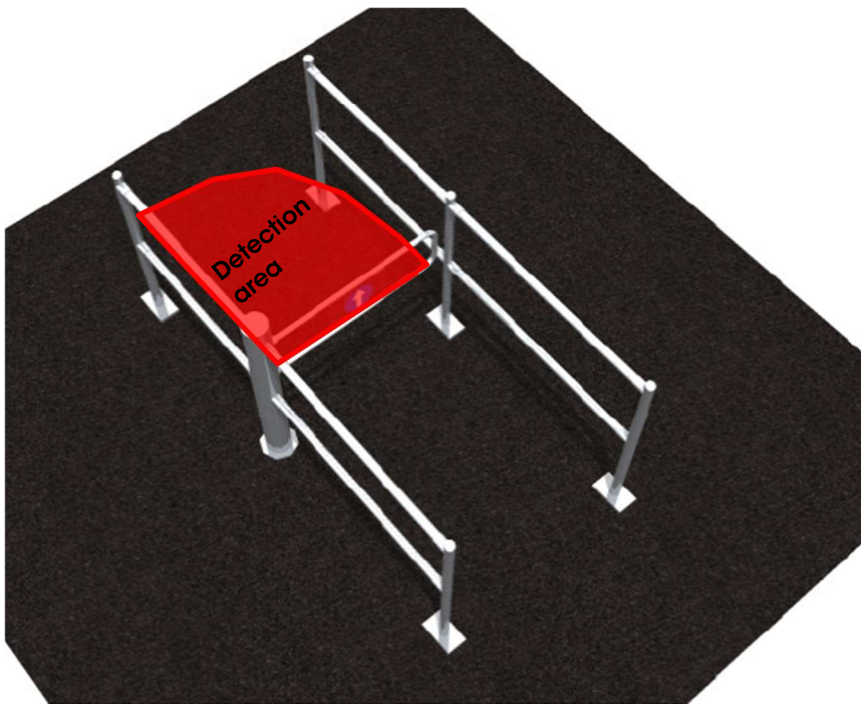


The Over Head sensor enables the user to have a very specific trigger zone (footprint) set in front of the gates.

## 7.5 CHILDSAFE PROTECTION

Childsafe is an Ultrasonic Sensor that is used as a safety device to protect children from being injured by the moving gate arm. The Ultrasonic sensor is a presence sensor designed to detect the presence of a person in the area behind the gate where the gate arm operates.

**Therefore it is very important that there are not any obstacles within the detection area, for example it is important that the uprights are installed at the right length from the gate so the sensor does not detect them. Also the area is slightly bigger, so obstacles outside the rails could be detected. Do not place baskets or shopping carts close to the childsafe sensor detection area.**



## 7.5.1 SETTING THE RANGE OF THE CHILDSAFE SENSOR

The covered area should be at least the same length as the gate arm. But it is recommended to set as big detection area as possible, due to reaction time if a person walks into the area. The bigger detection area, the safer operation.

To adjust the range for the detection area, turn the potentiometer clockwise to increase the detection area according to the chart below.

### Wiring:

**Red** = + 12 V

**Black** = GND



**Blue** = Childsafe (signal)



Setting	Range (cm)
0	75
1	80
2	85
3	90
4	95
5	100
6	105
7	110
8	115
9	120
A	125
B	130
C	135
D	140
E	145
F	150

## 8 MMI – MAN MACHINE INTERFACE

### 8.1 USER INTERFACE – POTENTIOMETERS

Potentiometer	Colour	Function	Time	Description
	Black	NORMAL OPENING	0 to 10 s	DELAY: Adjusts the time opening delay when gate has being triggered to open.
		SCO FUNCTION CLOSE	0 to 8 s	SCO: Adjusts the time until the gate closes after receiving a closing signal from the PEC (local photocell).
	Red	CHILDSAFE	0 to 8 s	Adjusts the delay time of the gate to be operational after the CHILDSAFE sensor has stopped triggering.
	Red	NORMAL SECURE	2 to 10 s	Adjusts the delay time of the gate to be operational after the SECURE sensor has stopped triggering.
		SCO-gate: ULTIMATE TIME-OUT	0 to 32 s	SCO: Adjusts the ultimate time out for the gate to close if no signal has been received from the local photocell (PEC) to close.
	Black	PANIC FORCE	20-70 Nm	Adjusts the brake out force. *  (see below)

Potentiometers

If turned anti clock wise = decrease, min-value  
If turned clock wise = increase, max-value















\* NOTE: The brake out force is dependent of the length of the gate arm.

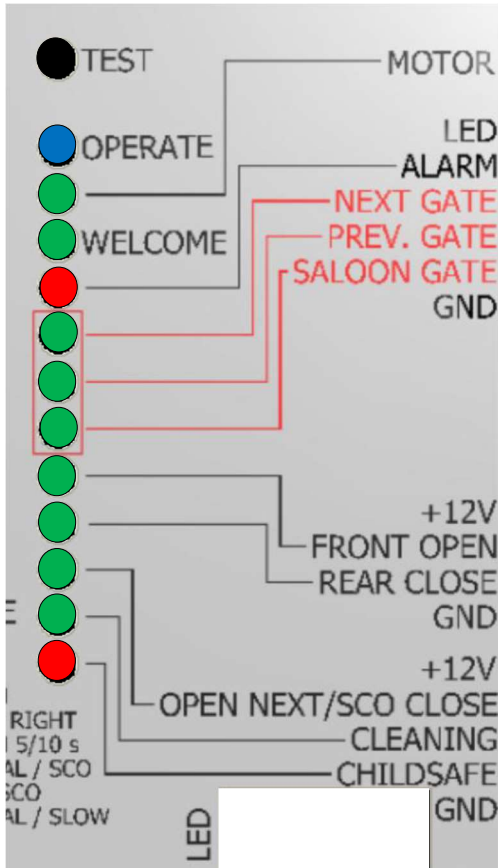


## 8.2 USER INTERFACE - LED DIODES

### LED diodes general:

- **Steady light** = Everything OK.
- **Blinking light** = Malfunction. There is a fault in the system (it is normal for the light to blink every time the function of the light is triggered).
- **No light**= Function disabled.

LED light+ Test button	Colour	Function	Description
	Black button	TEST	Push the button to test the gate when powered up.
	Blue	OPERATE	Indicates power to the gate with the motor enabled. When the diode flashes the key switch is OFF or out of function.
	Green	WELCOME	Indicates Welcome mode.
	Red	ALARM	Indicates alarm.
	Green	NEXT GATE	Indicates communication to the Next Gate.
	Green	PREVIOUS GATE	Indicates communication to the Previous Gate.
	Green	SALOON GATE	Indicates communication to the Saloon Gate.
	Green	FRONT OPEN	Indicates received opening signal.
	Green	REAR CLOSE	Indicates received closing signal.
	Green	OPEN NEXT/SCO CLOSE	Indicates received closing signal for the Next Gate or closing signal for SCO gate.
	Green	CLEANING	Indicates cleaning mode of the gate.
	Red	CHILDSAFE	Indicates received signal from CHILDSAFE sensor.



## 8.3 USERINTERFACE – DIP SWITCHES

Table below shows different functions to be set by dip switches.

Table 1

DIP SWITCH	Nr	Function	Switch OFF	Switch ON
	1	Alarm	OFF	ON
	2	Direction	LEFT	RIGHT
	3	Alarm time (5 s/10 s)	5 sec	10 sec
	4	Gate set up	<b>NORMAL</b>	<b>SCO*</b>
	5	180° opening	OFF	ON / <b>SCO*</b>
	6	Speed of gate arm	NORMAL	SLOW

**\* To achieve SCO mode, dip switch 4 AND 5 must be set to ON (right position).**

## 8.4 NORMAL & SLOW SPEED DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

(FOR CONTROLLING THE GATE ARM SPEED)

The kinetic energy of an object (in this case a gate arm) is dependent upon the weight and the speed of the object. To reduce the kinetic energy of the Alphagate MKII the DIP switch no. 6 can be set to SLOW.

As the safety of an automatic gate is of great concern, the dip switch settings must be complied with to ensure continued safety.

Recommended settings for dip switch no. 6:

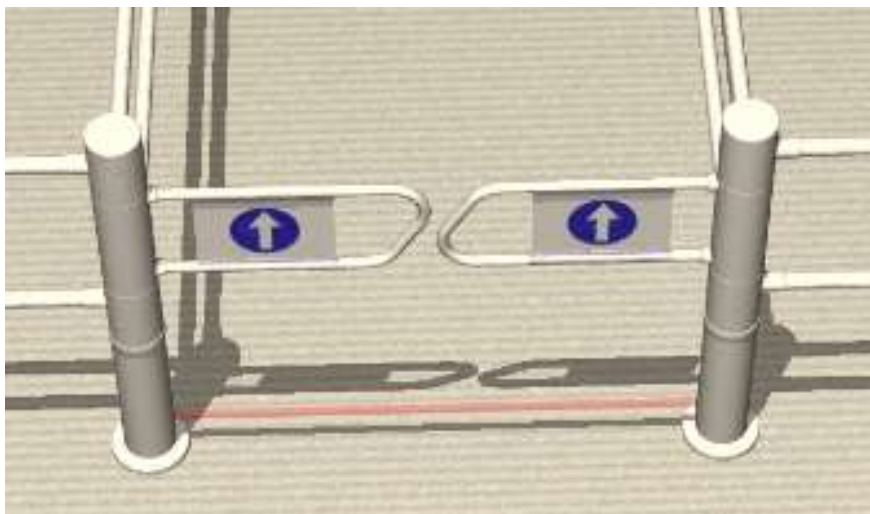
**NORMAL** - Standard gate arms shorter than 900 mm and gate arms with a weight less than 3.5 kg.

**SLOW** - Deep gate arms, long standard gate arms (> 900 mm) or gate arms heavier than 3.5 kg.

## 8.5 SCO EXIT GATES

- Follow the general installation instructions as described in chapter 4 Installation of the automatic gate in the entrance system.
- We recommend installing the exit gates at no wider distance than 1400 mm in order to ensure the maximum security of the exit area.
- All *Alphagate MKII* have the SCO-mode/Exit mode. Just move dip switches 4 and 5 at the main board to the right hand side in order to set the gate in SCO mode.

**Note:** In order to have the function of an SCO gate, it needs to have a PEC installed in the gate.



- The function of the PEC in the gate when it is in SCO mode is to start the approach delay timer. This is to close the gate after a person has exited through the gate(s). (Approach delay is set by the first potentiometer from the top). If a second person exit during closing, the gate arm will stop for 2 seconds (to prevent children from being hit by the gate arm), then close slowly to its 0-position.

### Function description:

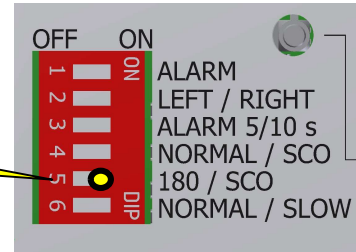
1. The receipt is scanned and the system sends an opening signal to the gate to open.
2. When a person exits and breaks the beam of light of the PEC, the approach delay timer will start to count down in order to close the gates (adjustable between 0 and 8 seconds).
3. The approach delay timer will retrigger if another person exits while the gate is still opened.
4. If the gate has started to close, a new trigger signal is needed to open the gate.
5. The gate has an "ultimate time-out" to prevent the gate to remain open if no one exits through the gates. (Adjustable between 0-32 seconds).

## 8.6 ALPHAGATE 180° OPENING

When using the bi-directional function the "Closing input" becomes the opening trigger to open the other hand. Normally this operation is triggered by two switches, one to open left hand and one to open right hand.

**Settings:**

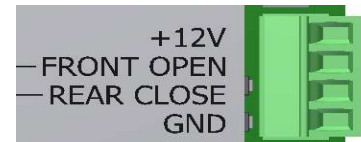
Dip switch no. 5 is to be switched on.



**Connections:**

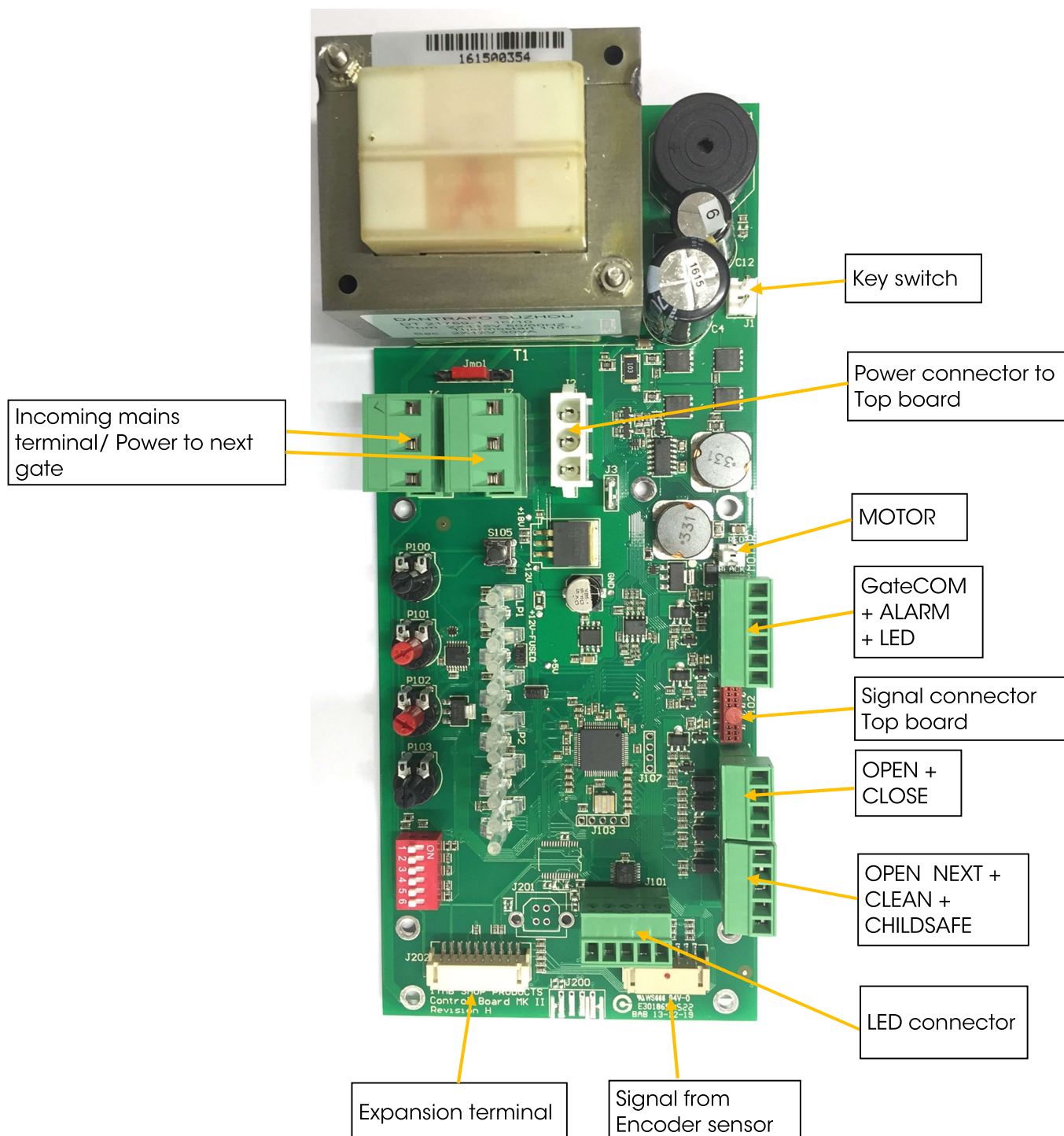
The 1st switch/push button to open in one direction is connected with 2 wires to "FRONT Open" and "GND".

The 2nd switch/push button to open in the opposite direction is connected with 2 wires to "REAR CLOSE" and "GND".

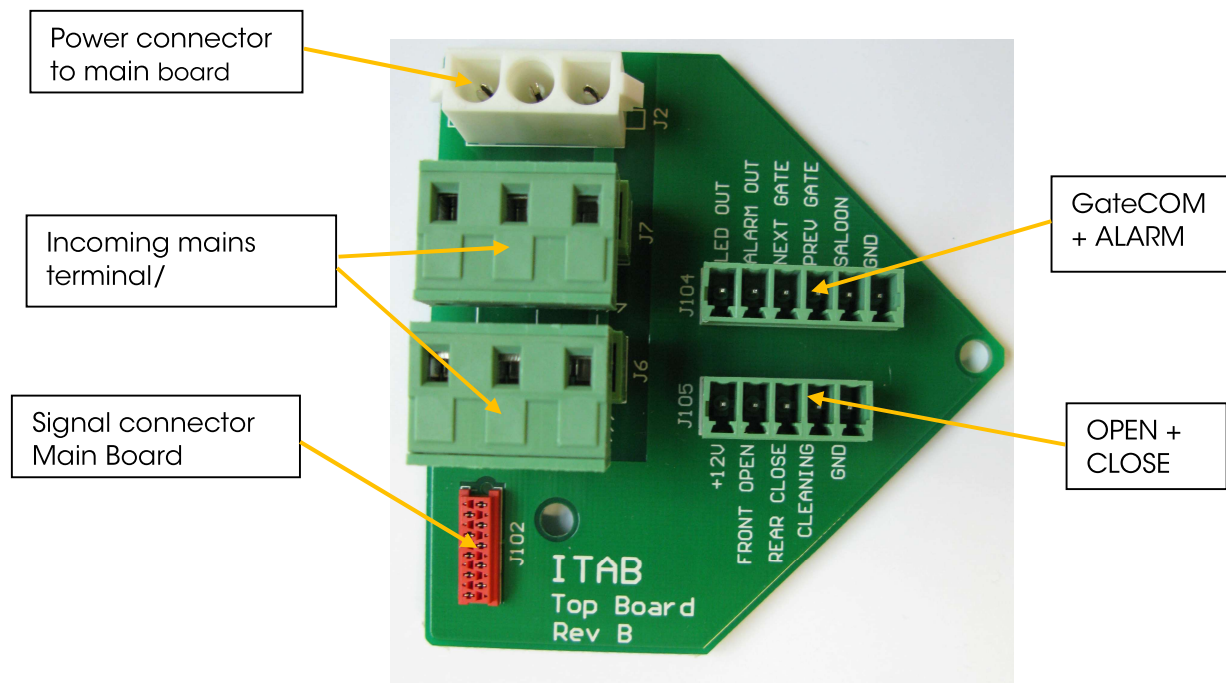


**Note:** The "Open input" will always open according to the settings of the dip switch panel (if the dip switch is set to Left Hand it will open left). The "Close input" will always open in the opposite direction of the "Open input" settings.

## 8.7 MAIN BOARD - CONNECTORS



## 6.8 TOP BOARD - CONNECTORS (MIRROR OF THE MAIN BOARD)



## 8.9 ADDITIONAL POWER SUPPLY IN ALPHAGATE MKII

To supply other units (i.g. ScanMaster Upright 2.0) with current an additional power supply can be installed at the Alphagate top board bracket. See how to install the additional power supply in the manual for ScanMaster Upright 2.0.



## 8.10 CONNECTORS - INDIVIDUAL SOCKETS

Connectors - Individual sockets	Description	Type
<p>TEST</p> <p>MOTOR</p> <p>LED</p> <p>OPERATE</p> <p>ALARM</p> <p>WELCOME</p> <p>NEXT GATE</p> <p>PREV. GATE</p> <p>SALOON GATE</p> <p>GND</p> <p>FRONT OPEN</p> <p>REAR CLOSE</p> <p>GND</p> <p>OPEN NEXT/SCO</p> <p>CLEANING</p> <p>CHILDSAFE</p> <p>GND</p>	LED output	12 V (will give a 2 sec signal during opening in SCO mode)
	Alarm output	12V (Will give a constant signal during the alarm period)
	Next Gate	GateCOM
	Previous Gate	GateCOM
	Saloon Gate	GateCOM
	GND	Ground
	+12V	POWER
	Front Open	Signal NPN 12V
	Rear Close	Signal NPN 12V
	GND	Ground
	+12V	
	Open Next	Signal NPN 12V
	Cleaning (Welcome)	Signal
	Childsafe	Signal NPN 12V
	GND	Ground

## 9 GateCOM

GateCOM is a serial data bus where communication is sent between (from different in & outgoing connectors) gates in a gate family. Some "messages" are sent to a specific gate (Previous Gate, Saloon Gate or Next Gate) and some "messages" are broadcasted to all members of the gate family.

GateCOM can be connected either at the Main board or at the Top Board, or as a mix of the two depending of the requirements of the installation.



**NOTE:** The GateCOM is a data bus and the use of a multimeter will not result in any interpretable information. One cannot measure the signal from a data bus.

To check the status of the GateCOM you only have to look at the LED light designated for each function:

- If both LED lights have a steady light = GateCOM OK.
- If any of the LED lights are flashing = GateCOM failure or wrong connection.

### 9.1 WIRING - GateCOM

To connect the GateCOM you only need a two core cable for GND and SIGNAL.

**NOTE:** Keep the GateCom cable separated from any high voltage power supply to avoid the risk for "over hearing" between the cables. Over hearing may cause the gates to fail in operation.

## APPLICABLE CONFIGURATIONS

The only GateCOM configurations allowed are the ones where a "message" only can go ONE way between two gates in a gate family. If a "message" can go in two different ways from a gate there will be a conflict (see Unauthorized Configurations), concentricity, and the "message" will be sent to the next gate forever. This will cause the gate to "freeze", failure to function.

Authorized configurations are:

- E-configuration
- S-configuration
- C-configuration
- I-configuration

**Red wire** — = GateCOM



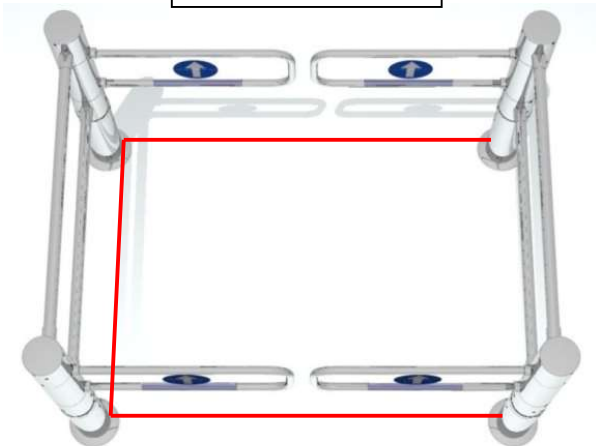
E- Configuration



S- Configuration



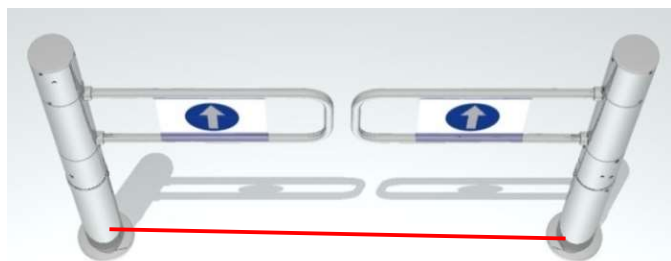
C- Configuration



I- Configuration



I- Configuration



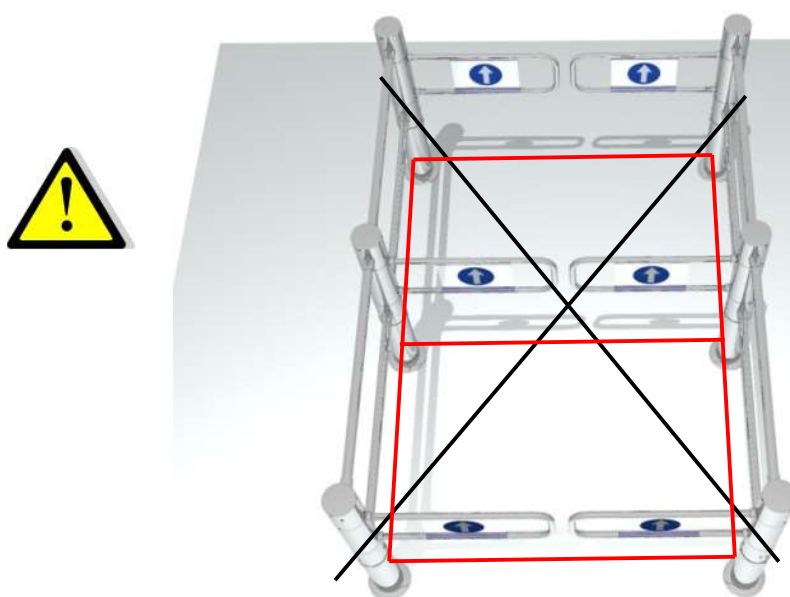
## 9.2 UNAUTHORIZED CONFIGURATIONS



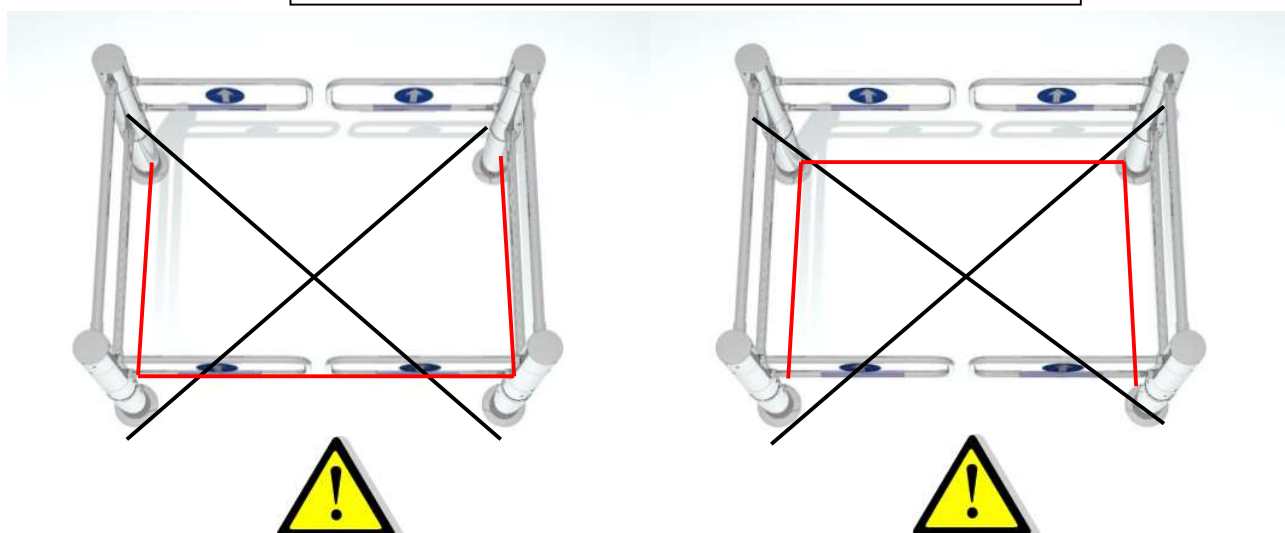
Configurations shown below are unauthorized. To wire a configuration according to the following examples will cause the gates to "freeze".

One cannot have double connections between the "lines" of gates (between 1<sup>st</sup> set of gates and 2<sup>nd</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup>).

8- Configuration



U-Configuration (or upside down)



## 9.2.1 GATECOM - MASTER & SLAVE FUNCTION

For Alphagate models produced later than 2014-04-01 there is a Master & Slave function added. The purpose of the Master & Slave function is to make it easier to set the timer functions on the main board.

In a saloon configuration the right hand gate is ALWAYS the **Master**.

### Instructions:

1. Set potentiometer number 1 and 3 on the **left** hand gate to maximum.

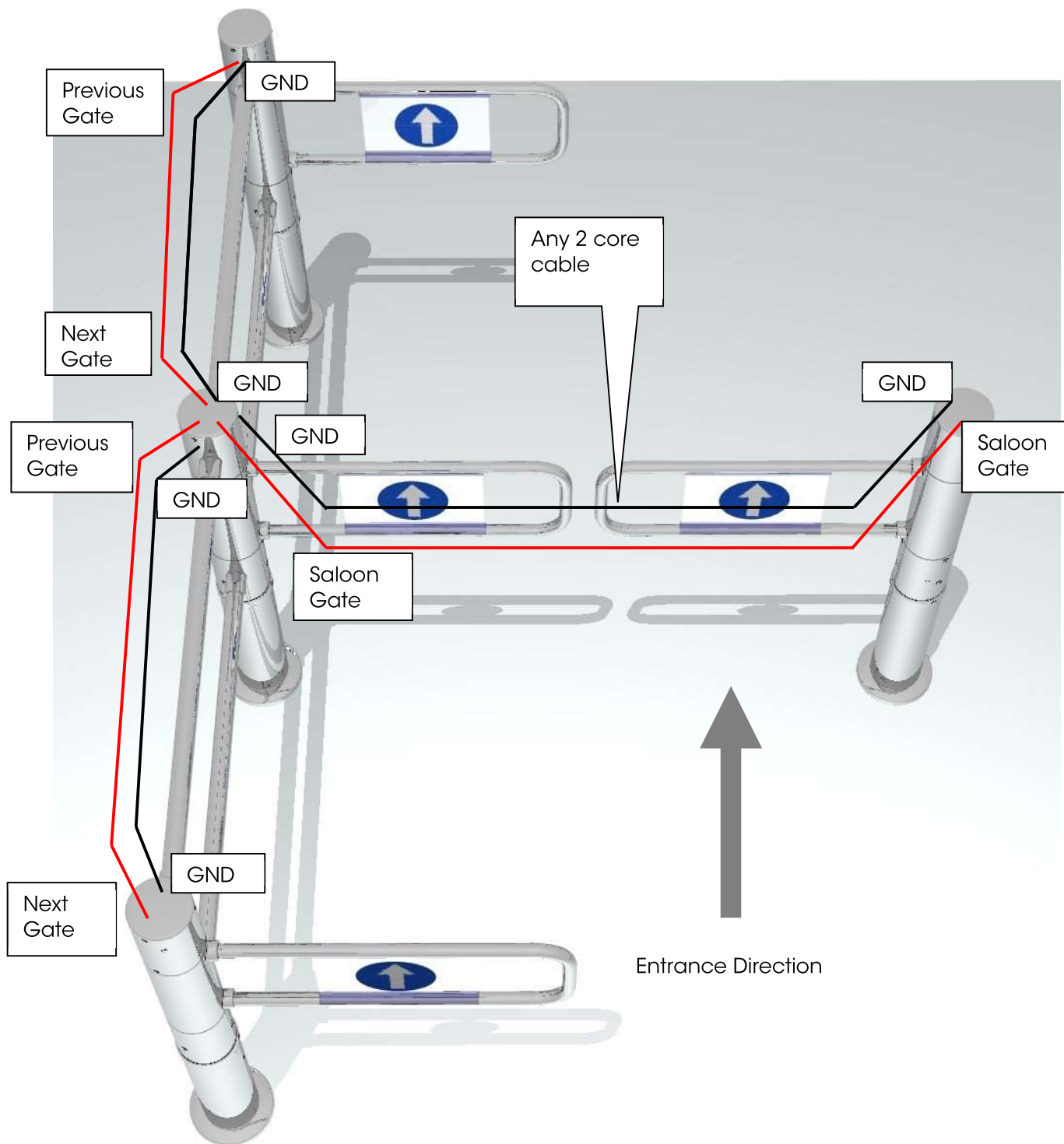


2. Then set the required time on the **right** hand gate and the left hand gate will follow the right hand gate.

**NOTE:** In order for the Master & Slave function to be operational the gate family (gate configuration) must be connected with GateCom (Saloon).

## 9.3 GATECOM - ORIENTATION

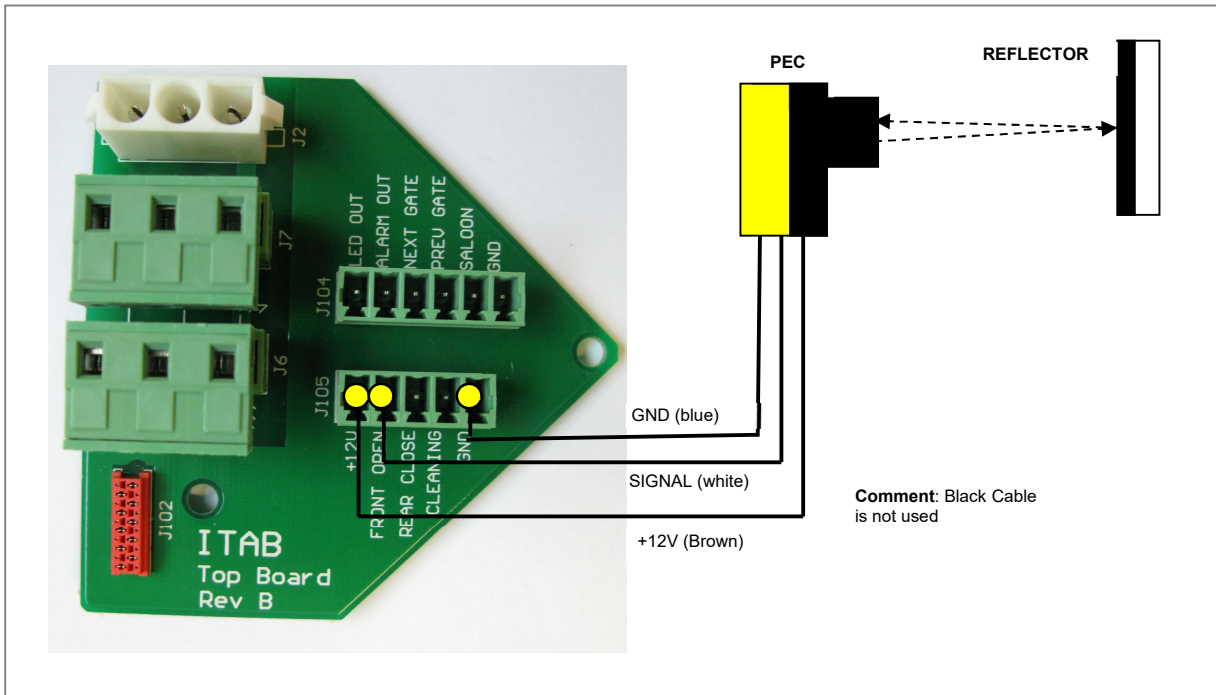
Below is an illustration of the orientation of the GateCOM bus from a gate.



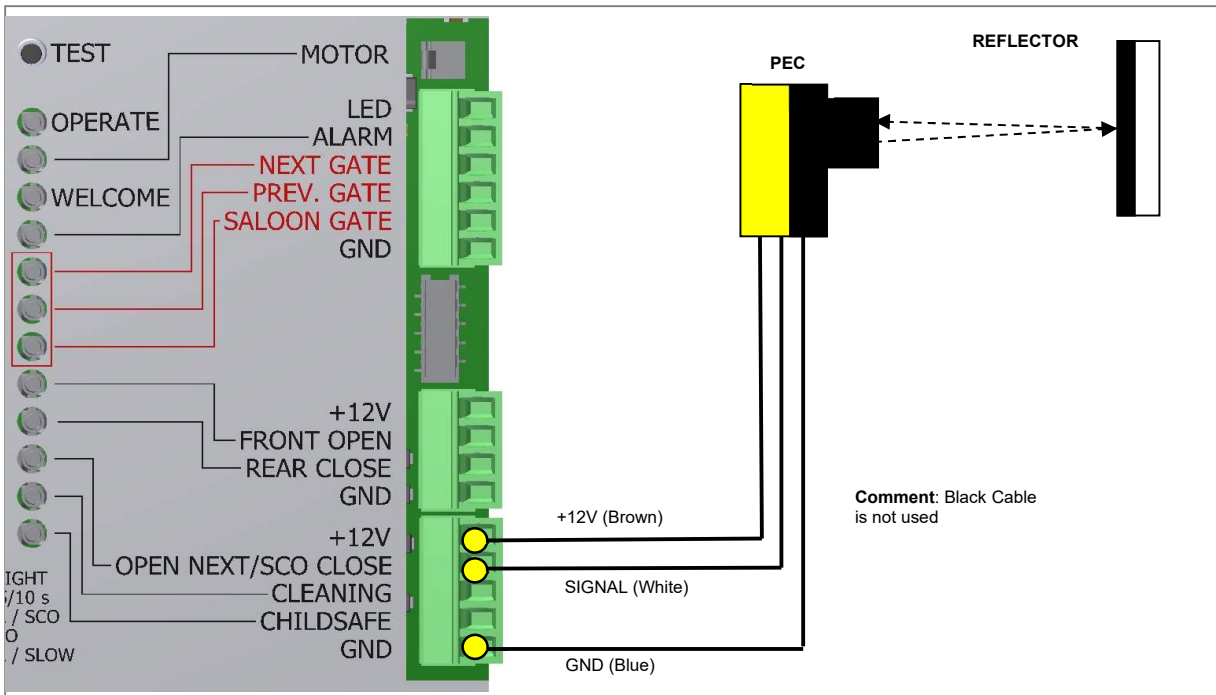
## 10 HOW TO CONNECT THE SENSORS?

The following examples explain how to connect the sensors to open the gate.

### 10.1 PEC UPRIGHT TO OPEN FIRST LINE OF GATES

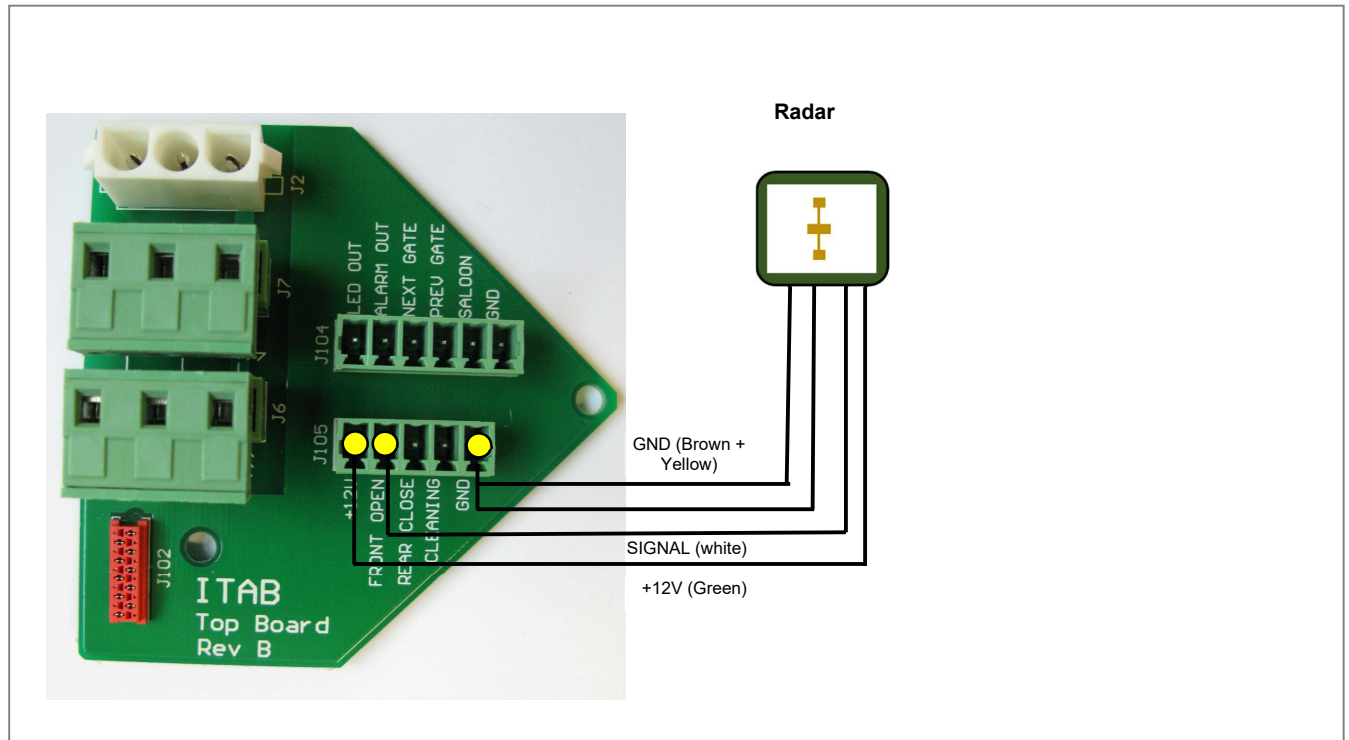


### 10.2 PEC IN GATE TO OPEN SECOND LINE OF GATES

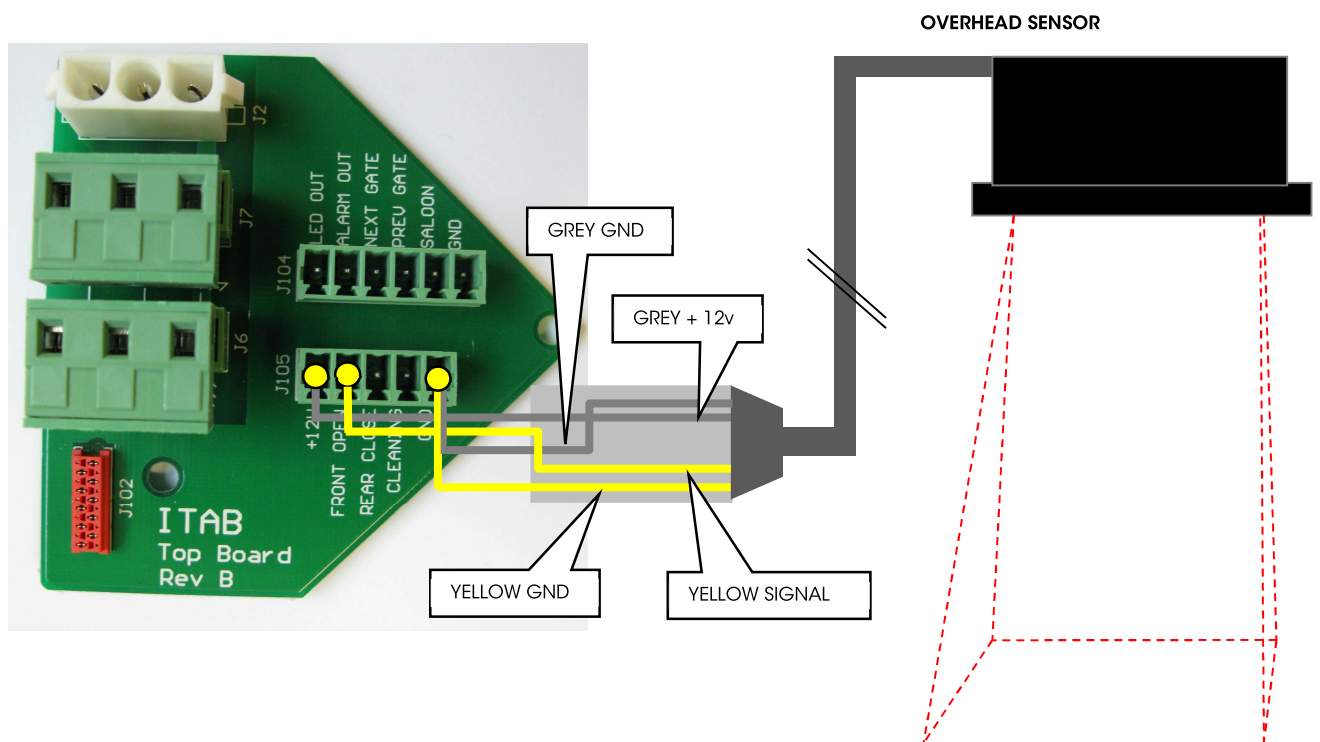


**Note:** when a local PEC is installed: the alarm will sound if the beam is broken when the gate is closes. "Shopping basket alarm"

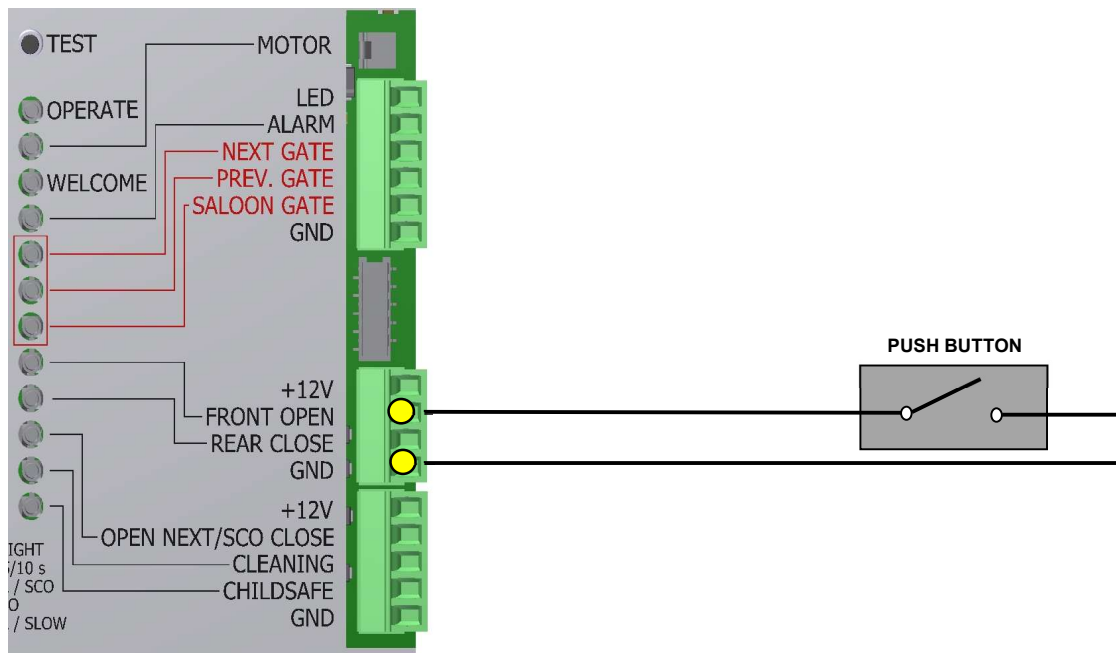
## 10.3 RADAR IN THE TOP OF THE GATE



## 10.4 OVERHEAD SENSOR



## 10.5 OPEN PUSH BUTTON



## 11 WHAT IS SECURE, WELCOME AND CLEANING MODE?

When installing a family of Alphagates, one can choose to accessorize the gates to achieve more functions than just a normal entrance gate.

Cleaning mode: When Cleaning mode is activated, the software is designed to keep the gates open in order to facilitate cleaning procedure of the surrounding area. Achieving the Cleaning mode requires a switch. *Note: Secure sensors will be ignored by the software when cleaning mode is activated.*

Cleaning mode activated = switch ON

**(It is strongly recommended to use a switch when having Secure mode installed)**

Secure mode: The Secure mode is designed to close the gates when someone tries to exit the wrong way. Achieving the Secure mode requires extra sensors.

Secure mode activated = always ON (when installed)

Welcome mode: The Welcome mode is designed to keep the gates open to achieve an open and yet secure entrance. To achieve Welcome mode one need to have secure sensors to make the gates close. It is recommended to use a switch to enable an "ON" and "OFF" function of the Welcome mode of the entrance system.

Welcome mode activated = switch ON

## 11.1 HOW TO CONNECT THE "CLEANING" / "WELCOME" BUTTON

WELCOME can be connected as a remote installation or it can be connected by grounding "NEXT GATE" in the GateCom socket in the last line of the configuration.

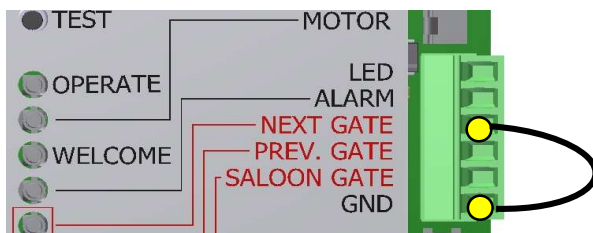
### 11.1.1 WELCOME AS A FIXED FUNCTION OF THE ENTRANCE SYSTEM

WELCOME mode requires the last line of gates to be equipped with Rear Facing Radars or an SDU (Single Directional Unit).

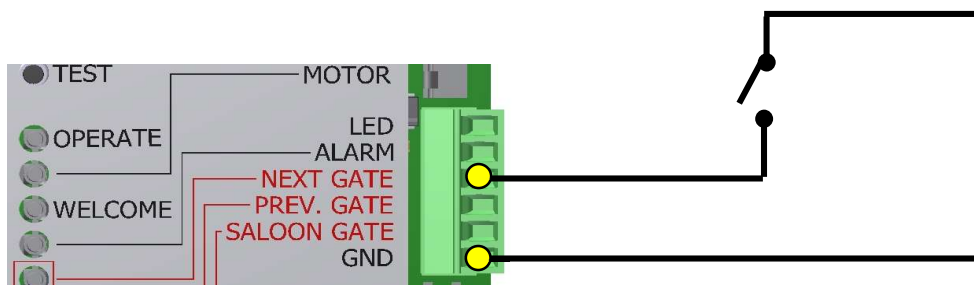
For the cleaning input there is a possibility to connect switches both for the CLEANING mode and for the WELCOME mode.

- The only thing needed to activate CLEANING mode is a standard switch to close the circuit (not springy).
- There are two options how to enable WELCOME mode. Connection is always made in a gate in the last line of gates where there is always a free connection (socket).

1. Jumper cable between GND and Next gate in Gate Com socket = gates are always open but will close on activation of wrong way sensor.



2. Switch connected between GND and Next gate in GateCom socket to have the options of both WELCOME mode (gates are always open but will close on activation of wrong way sensor) and SECURE mode (gates are normally closed and will close (forced closing = overriding opening signal) on activation of wrong way sensor).

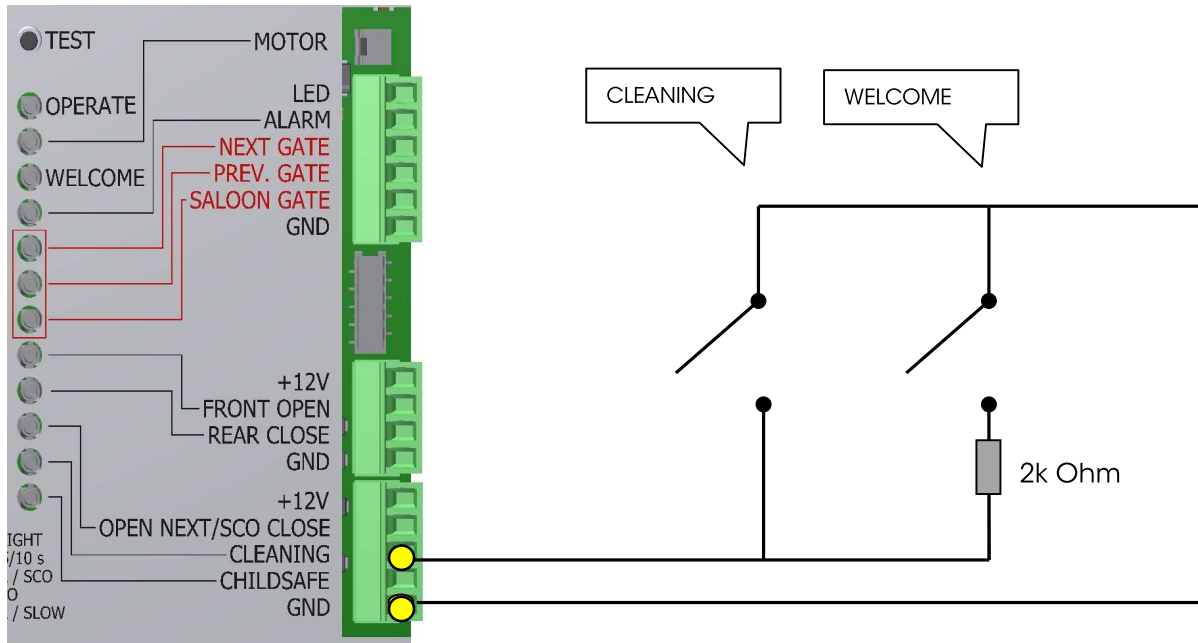




## 11.1.2 REMOTE ON AND OFF FUNCTION OF WELCOME MODE

- To enable the WELCOME mode with one single cable for both Cleaning mode and a remote controlled fashion, a 2k Ohm resistance is needed along with the standard switch (not springy).

Remote CLEANING/WELCOME can be connected to ANY gate in a gate family.



## 11.2 CONNECTING EXTERNAL TRIGGERING (ACCESS CONTROLS)

Our standard format for connecting to an input is as follows....

To connect to our equipment, use a volt free normally open contact, closing on event of wanting the gate to open. Alternatively, an NPN open collector transistor output capable of switching a minimum of 50ma and with pulse width duration of minimum 100 milliseconds.

It is possible to connect external opening devices for the Alphagate, i.e. Fire alarm, Code lock, Key lock etc. Connection is made to "CLEANING" (CLEANING and GND).

**Any triggering device with a 12 volts output will trigger the gate to open.**

NPN = grounding signal. Grounding the signal between "signal" (Front Open) and "GND" will open the gate and keep the gate opened as long as the circuit is closed (grounded). Fire alarm is to be connected to CLEANING and GND because CLEANING has the highest priority.

## 12 WIRING OF LED CABLES IN ALPHAGATE MKII

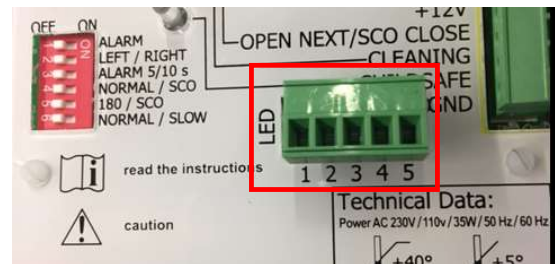
This gate has the LED drivers integrated on the main PCB. Wiring of the different functions are as follow.

### Color of the LED light cable

Cable color	Function/LED Color
Black	12V
Green	Green
Red	Red
Blue	Blue

### Normal Mode

Number on socket	Function
1	No Function
2	No Function
3	Alarm
4	Normal stage
5	12V



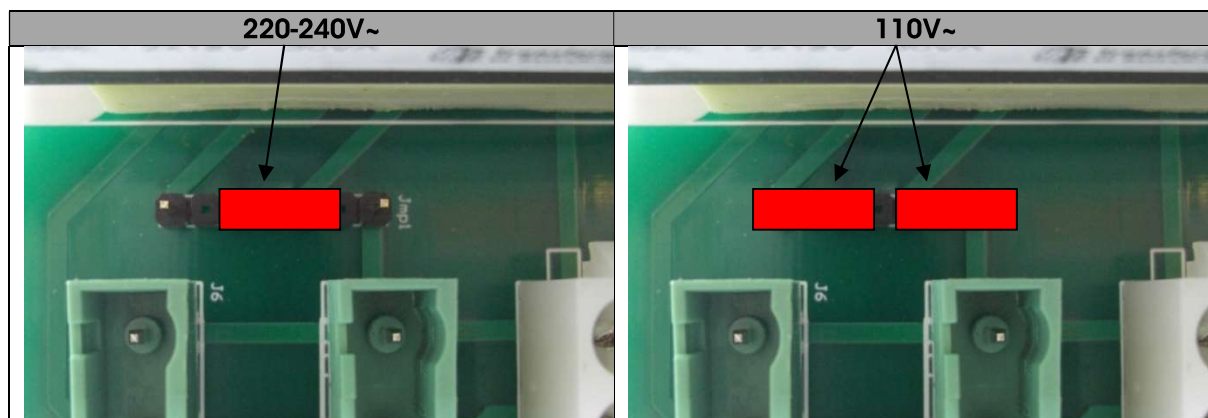
### SCO Mode

Number on socket	Function
1	No Function
2	Closed position
3	Closing and Alarm
4	When opening
5	12V

If the same color wants on two functions, just add a cable between the two functions in the socket.

## 13 220-240V~ OR 110V~ GATE?

Standard configuration is 220–240V~ gate. To convert the gate to 110V~ the two bridges must be assembled according to picture below.



**NOTE:** The gate will be damaged if it has an 110V~ configuration and is connected to a 220-240V~ power supply.

## 14 FAQ

### 14.1 HOW TO TEST THE GATE?

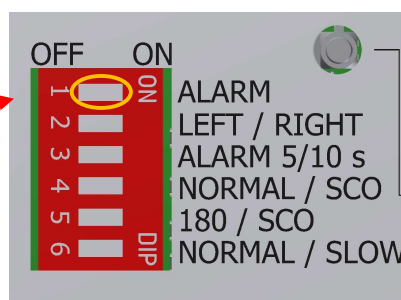
One can test the gate in two ways. Either by pressing the test button on the Main board or by short-circuiting between "OPEN" and "GND" on the Top Board or the Main Board.



**NOTE:** No adjustments for OPEN TIME, SECURE TIME, CHILDSAFE TIME will be considered by the main board when using the test button.

### 14.2 HOW TO TURN OFF THE ALARM?

The buzzer is switched on and off by  
DIP switch number 1.



### 14.3 HOW TO TURN OFF THE GATE?

The key switch will turn off the gate, but only the motor. When the key switch is turned off the blue LED light will flash. The main board is still powered up to supply power to possible sensors, in the turned off gate, for other gates in the gate family.

### 14.4 HOW TO CUT POWER SUPPLY TO THE GATE?

The power has to be disconnected from the mains terminal.



**NOTE! Danger! The incoming power is 220-240V~ (or 110V~). Work with this should only be done by a professional.**



**Always disconnect the power to the mains terminal before conducting any work the gate. The power is cut off by switching off the fuse in the power station.**

**Note:** This will disable the "Clean/Welcome" mode if it is connected to the gate where power is to be cut.

### 14.5 WHEN DO I USE NORMAL and SLOW?

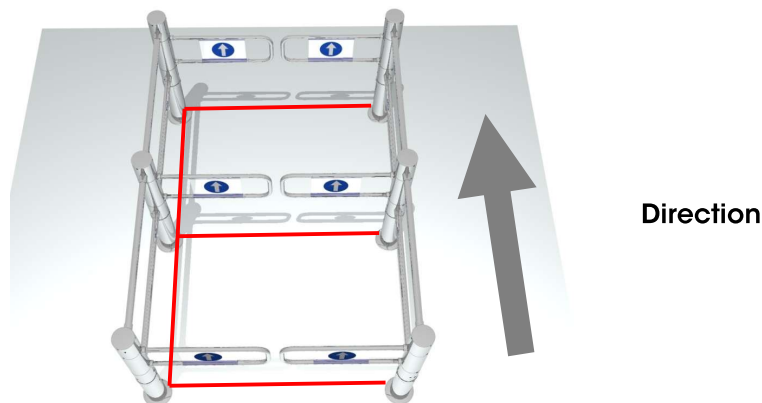
For all "normal" gate arms the dip switch setting should be "Normal" = standard speed. For deep gate arms, long glass arms (< 900 mm) or gate arms heavier than 3,5 kg the dip switch setting should be set to "Slow".

## 14.6 WHAT IS A GATE FAMILY?

A gate family is a set of gates where one has to pass through all the gates in the family to enter the premises/store.

**Note:** Two double saloons in parallel is not a gate family. You would either go through one of the saloons, not both. "Cleaning/Welcome" is connected by GateCOM and therefore all gates in a gate family communicate with each other. The GateCOM does NOT operate between two different gate families.

Example of a gate family



## 14.7 WHAT IS WELCOME MODE?

Instead of having the gates closed and then opened when a customer is entering the store one can choose to do the opposite by having them opened always and closing when someone tries to exit the wrong way. To make this feasible the last line of gates needs to be equipped with rear facing radars or an SDU (Single Directional Unit) to give a closing signal when someone tries to sneak out the back door.

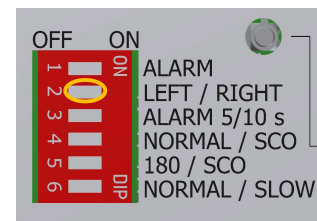
## 14.8 HOW TO TRIGGER THE ALARM (OUTPUT)

The gate will give an alarm if:

- The gate arm is pushed out of the rest position on the gate
- The gate arm is pushed out of the rest position of any gate in the gate family
- If the Close input gets a signal from any gate in the family.
- When the test button is pressed

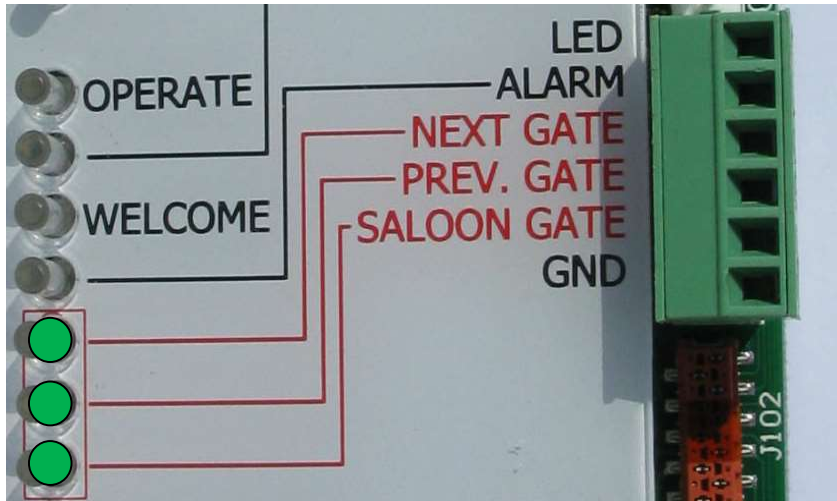
## 14.9 HOW TO CHANGE SIDE OF THE GATE

To change side of the gate use DIP switch no. 2. (Left or Right). If the gate triggers with radar, the radar needs to be moved to be in the entrance direction. If Secure function is used with radar the radar needs to be correctly connected at the Top board after changing side of the gate.



## 15 TROUBLESHOOTING THE GATECOM

1. The GateCOM led light has three modes:
  - a. OFF (no light) = no connections (inputs) to the GateCOM are made.
  - b. ON (steady light) = connection is made and system is fully operational.
  - c. BLINKING light= connection is made but something is wrong with the GateCOM function.



If any led light for the three inputs for the GateCOM are flashing: Next, Prev. or Saloon, there is a malfunction in that GateCOM function. You can have all three connected but only one flashing light saying that there is a problem in that third connection, and the other two are OK.

**Action:** Make sure ALL connections of GateCOM are accurate. Only one signal connection in one GateCOM function is allowed, i.e. one connection to Saloon per gate (not one in the top board and then another in the bottom main board), and the same for Next and Prev.

If a connection is made, for instance, to the Saloon input and the led light for that input is flashing, there could be that there are two connections to that GateCOM function.

## 16 ACCESSORIES

- Threaded top clamp for top power feed
- Push Button for opening
- Push Button for cleaning mode
- Remote Control
- Single Directional Unit (SDU)
- Customer counter
- Childsafe sensor
- Additional power supply (for e.g. ScanMaster)

## 17 FAILSAFE OPERATION

- In the event of removing the mains power supply to the Alphagate, the gate arm is able to be manually pushed with a minimal force (less than 10 Nm) to open in both directions
- The gate arm will stay in any position it is moved to until power is restored
- On power being restored the gate arm will automatically reset to the pre-set normal position
- Gates are factory set to 55 - 60 Nm. (9.81 Newton's = 1Kg force!) and easily user adjustable

## 18 MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

The following inspection is recommended to perform on regular basis:

<b>Mechanical Inspection</b>		<b>Interval</b>
Structural Safety	Motorised column, photoelectric barrier and reflector column and all other columns	6 months
Rotation	Connecting tube between the columns	6 months
Mounting	Gate Arm	Monthly
<b>Electrical Inspection</b>		<b>Interval</b>
Earth conductor	Connecting contacts and connections	Checks when servicing the system
Photoelectric Barrier	Operation and Settings	Annually
Radar Detector	Operation and Settings	Annually
Motor	Functional check	Annually
Motor control	Functional check of cut out in event of over current (actuator blockage)	Annually
Signalling device (horn)	Panic alarm functional check	Annually
Key switch	Functional check	Annually
Limit switch	Functional check	Annually
Ultrasound sensor	Operation and Settings	6 months

## 19 CLEANING INSTRUCTIONS

### CLEANING YOUR ALPHAGATE:

Use only a proprietary spray polish suitable for chrome, glass and plastic.

A light buff should be sufficient to remove fingerprints and grease marks.

Do not wash down with soap and too much water as it might compromise the functionality of the gate.